

Black Cat Syndicate Limited ("**Black Cat**" or "**the Company**") is pleased to provide an update on underground diamond drilling at the 100% owned Paulsens Gold Operation ("**Paulsens**"). Paulsens underground is one of Australia's highest grade gold deposits with a current JORC 2012 Mineral Resource ("**Resource**") of 258koz @ 10.8g/t Au (56% Measured & Indicated).

#### HIGHLIGHTS

- Ongoing extensional drilling, targeting the Gabbro Veins in the mid-levels of the mine, continues to demonstrate the Resource growth potential for the Gabbro Veins (current Resource of 86koz Au @ 11.90g/t Au<sup>1</sup>). New significant assays from outside the current Resource include:
  - 0.37m @ 16.50g/t Au from 157.61m and;
    - 2.10m @ 2.31g/t Au from 187.07m (PGRD23074 outside current Resource)
  - 0.58m @ 20.83g/t Au from 156.07m and;
    - 1.77m @ 5.89g/t Au from 161.32m (PGRD23075 outside current Resource)
  - 1.77m @ 5.26g/t Au from 89.09m and;
    - 0.42m @ 40.35g/t Au from 141.23m and;
    - 0.23m @ 9.91g/t Au from 152.24m (PGRD23077 outside current Resource)
  - 0.96m @ 6.36g/t Au from 9.62m and;
    - 0.22m @ 16.80g/t Au from 129.89m and;
    - 0.62m @ 9.23g/t Au from 132.80m and;
    - 0.33m @ 2.15g/t Au from 156.13m (PGRD23112 outside current Resource)
- Current drill results from the Gabbro Veins continue to extend mineralisation along strike and vertically and illustrate the geological and grade continuity of the vein system.
- The Gabbro Vein system represents a potential new mining area for Paulsens.
- Drilling is ongoing and the next Paulsens Resource update will be released in May 2023.

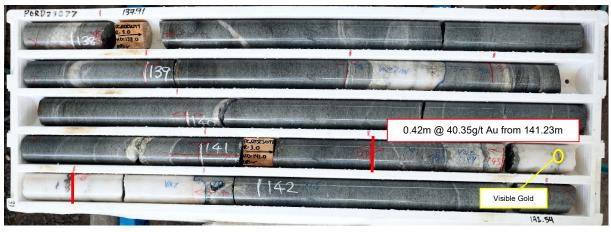


Figure 1: Photograph of PGRD23077 highlighting the interval 0.42m @ 40.35g/t Au from 141.23m.

Black Cat's Managing Director, Gareth Solly, said: "The ongoing results coming out of the Gabbro Veins drilling is strong validation of our thesis that they represent both a significant gold Resource and a potential new mining area for the Paulsens Gold Operation. The most recent results are all extensional to the current Paulsens Resource and will be included in the update to be completed in May 2023. Engineering activities are also in full swing as we ready the site for a potential restart decision in the middle of the year."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to ASX Announcement dated 13 February 2023

#### SNAPSHOT – PAULSENS GOLD OPERATION

#### Large Scale Area, 100% Owned by Black Cat

• >1,000km<sup>2</sup> of highly prospective ground, 100% owned by Black Cat.

#### **Background**

- Paulsens underground is already one of Australia's highest-grade gold deposits with a current Resource of 259koz @ 10.7g/t Au (56% Measured & Indicated).
- Underground mining at Paulsens produced 907koz @ 7.3g/t Au at an average of 75koz pa and recovery of 92%.
- Over 12 years of production, the underground mine had a Resource high of 540koz and low of 125koz with an average Resource of ~250koz. This demonstrates the robust nature of the current Resource.
- Previous regional exploration largely involved surface activities with numerous gold and base metal anomalies identified but with only limited follow-up. Open pit and underground Resources at Paulsens total 401koz @ 3.3g/t Au.

#### Infrastructure in Place, Ready for a Low-Cost Restart

- On care and maintenance since 2018.
- Well maintained, 450ktpa processing facility requiring minimal restart capital.
- +110-person camp.
- Mine and advanced Resources on Mining Licences, minimal barriers to restart.
- Underground mine fully dewatered and ventilated.
- Excellent access with sealed road and gas pipeline within 7km.

#### Significant Opportunities at All Stages – Multi-metal Potential

- Paulsens has multi-metal potential with numerous base-metal (Cu, Pb and Zn) targets, Australia's third largest antimony deposit at Mt Clement (along with Cu, Pb and Ag Resource) and thermal coal at Kazput.
- Paulsens is an under-explored orogenic gold region with four main prospect areas the 15km long Paulsens Structural Corridor ("PSC"), the Northern Anticline, Mt Clement and Electric Dingo (Figure 2).
- The PSC is a complex zone of faults with the main structure through the PSC being the Hardey Fault. All gold mined at the
  Paulsens underground mine comes from where the Hardey Fault (and related fault splays) cut through the Paulsens Mine
  Gabbro. Finding similar faulted-off gabbros is a priority given the obvious grade and scale potential. This includes open pit
  potential at:
  - Belvedere, located within the PSC only 5km from the processing facility, is a Paulsens-style target with >2km of mineralised strike. Minimal drilling has identified a shallow Resource of 30koz @ 3.9g/t Au.
- Underground drilling in 2023 includes:
- New mining fronts located close to existing infrastructure being the Gabbro Veins and Apollo with potential for readily accessible ounces; and Paulsens Repeat located 200m from the decline and representing a large-scale, faulted-off gabbro targeting "another Paulsens".

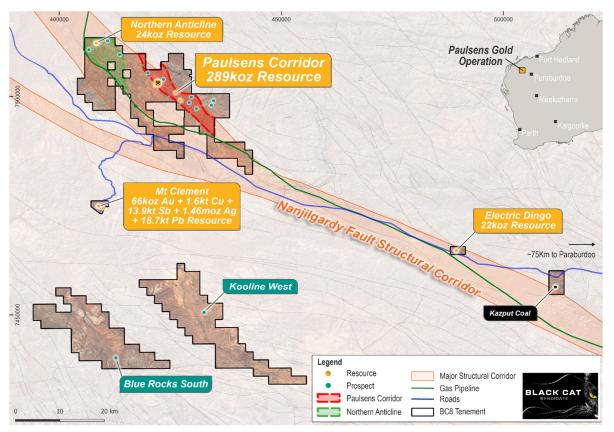


Figure 2: Regional map of the Paulsens Gold Operation showing the location of Resources and large-scale fault architecture.

#### Gabbro Veins Drilling Update

Ongoing extensional drilling targeting the Gabbro Veins continues to demonstrate the growth potential for the current Resource by extending mineralisation up plunge and vertically increasing the continuity of mineralisation. Recent encouraging results from the Gabbro Veins in the middle part of the mine include:

0.37m @ 16.50g/t Au from 157.61m and;

2.10m @ 2.31g/t Au from 187.07m (PGRD23074 - outside current Resource)

• 0.58m @ 20.83g/t Au from 156.07m and;

1.77m @ 5.89g/t Au from 161.32m (PGRD23075 - outside current Resource)

• 1.77m @ 5.26g/t Au from 89.09m and;

0.42m @ 40.35g/t Au from 141.23m and;

0.23m @ 9.91g/t Au from 152.24m (PGRD23077 - outside current Resource)

0.96m @ 6.36g/t Au from 9.62m and;

0.22m @ 16.80g/t Au from 129.89m and;

0.62m @ 9.23g/t Au from 132.80m and;

- 0.33m @ 2.15g/t Au from 156.13m (PGRD23112 outside current Resource)
- 2.24m @ 2.19g/t Au from 74.76m and;
  - 0.56m @ 5.38g/t Au from 95.15m (PGRD23115)

These results from the Gabbro Veins complement previously reported nearby results, including<sup>2</sup>:

- 1.44m @ 4.84g/t Au from 54.98m and;
  - 1.04m @ 4.14g/t Au from 67.96m (PGRD23001A)
- 0.56m @ 64.87g/t Au from 64.87m (PGRD23002)
- 1.17m @ 4.81g/t Au from 108.94m (PGRD23002A)
- 0.50m @ 14.00g/t Au from 91.50m (PGRD23005)

The Gabbro Veins are located in the footwall of the Paulsens Mine and extend up to 500m away from the existing infrastructure. Drilling to date has defined a plunge length for the Gabbro Veins of at least 1.5km and a vertical extent of up to 100m. The Gabbro Veins are sub-parallel to the Main Zone, consist of several quartz-carbonate-sulphide veins ranging in thickness from tens of centimetres to several metres, and occur entirely within the Paulsens Mine Gabbro. The current Resource on the Gabbro Veins is 86koz Au @ 11.90g/t Au<sup>1</sup> and recent drilling gives high confidence this estimate will be increased in the next Resource.

An updated Resource will be released in May 2023, incorporating all recent results. Engineering and mining studies are advancing to support a potential restart decision in mid-2023. The 450ktpa Paulsens processing plant is currently on care and maintenance and remains in good condition. The 7km long decline is fully dewatered and provides ready access to the Gabbro Veins and other mining areas.

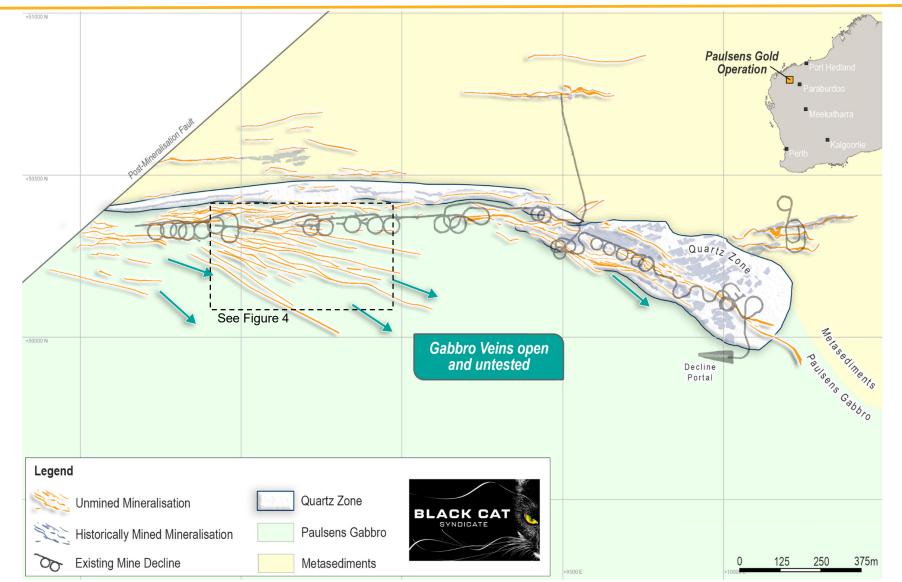


Figure 3: Plan view showing the location of the unmined, high-grade Gabbro Veins, the mined and unmined portions of the Main Quartz Zone, which produced ~1,000 ounces per vertical metre from narrow lodes within the Main Quartz Zone. Recent drilling has focussed on near-surface targets. The 7km long dewatered decline provides ready access to the recently identified mineralisation. View is in mine grid.

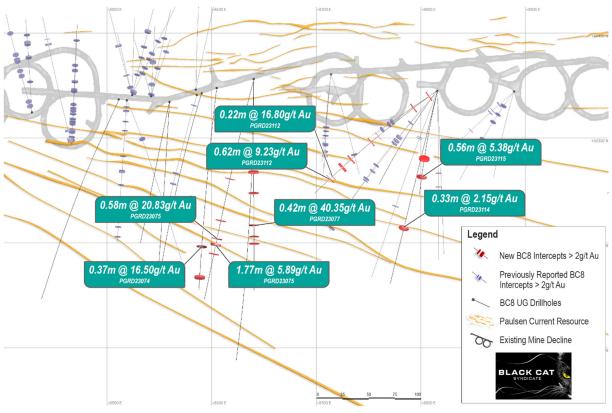


Figure 4: Drilling results in Gabbro Veins located in the middle part of the mine showing numerous mineralised lodes with high-grade intercepts highlighted (see Figure 3)

#### **2023 PLANNED ACTIVITIES**

May 2023:	Ongoing underground drilling results – Paulsens
May 2023:	Paulsens Resource Update
9-11 May 2023:	RIU Conference – Sydney
June 2023:	Regional exploration program – Coyote
Mid-2023:	Potential Paulsens restart decision

For further information, please contact:

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This announcement has been approved for release by the Board of Black Cat Syndicate Limited.

	Paulsens Under	ground Diamo			Azimuth			Downhole	
Hole ID	Local East	Local North	RL Local	Dip	Local	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Au Grade (g/
PGRD23001	8816	50345	460	-19	237			No Significant Results	
						13.00	14.28	1.28	1.57
						54.98	56.42	1.44	4.84
PGRD23001A	8816	50345	460	22	237	59.30	60.20	0.90	9.32
						62.17	62.63	0.46	1.96
						67.96	69.00	1.04	4.14
						6.55	7.06	0.51	1.53
						40.00	40.66	0.66	2.58
						50.34	50.54	0.20	1.13
						57.00	59.43	2.43	2.89
PGRD23002	8816	50345	460	10	221	61.47	63.43	1.96	5.71
						64.87	66.50	1.63	16.05
						99.05	100.25	1.20	6.56
						106.00	107.00	1.00	1.74
						111.02	111.36	0.34	4.74
						73.90	74.36	0.46	1.54
						92.90	94.00	1.10	8.95
PGRD23002A	8816	50345	460	-9	221	108.94	110.11	1.17	4.81
						160.45	161.45	1.00	1.12
						164.17 167.33	164.83 169.00	0.66 1.67	1.25 4.84
						47.24	47.56	0.32	62.00
						48.85	49.11	0.26	3.71
						67.19	67.80	0.61	1.06
PGRD23003	8816	50345	460	2	201	70.10	70.50	0.40	1.06
						108.98	109.43	0.45	1.55
						116.85	117.70	0.85	3.34
						78.30	79.00	0.70	13.00
PGRD23005	8816	50345	460	4	179	91.50	92.00	0.50	14.00
						157.00	158.00	1.00	1.09
				_		92.59	92.74	0.15	1.62
PGRD23006	8816	50345	460	-5	178	107.61	107.91	0.30	2.47
						58.84	59.20	0.36	8.69
PGRD23007	9998	50084	1082	24	256	61.55	63.00	1.45	4.92
						69.50	71.50	2.00	2.00
PGRD23008	9999	50083	1081	21	231	70.94	71.40	0.46	2.19
PGRD23009	9998	50084	1081	10	254			No Significant Assays	
PGRD23014	9848	50123	1032	16	228	32.13	32.53	0.40	1.36
PGRD23015	9842	50129	1031	44	271			No Significant	
	0011	00110				E 62	6 1 1	Assays	4 72
PGRD23016	9844	50127	1031	9	244	5.63 29.20	6.14 29.50	0.51 0.30	4.73 3.53
FGRD23010	5044	50121	1031	9	244	55.10	56.29	1.19	3.27
00000000	0010	50/0/	1000	10	075	55.10	50.29	No Significant	5.27
PGRD23017	9842	50131	1030	13	275			Assays	
PGRD23018	9842	50129	1030	25	257	59.50	61.50	2.00	1.87
						63.80	64.45	0.65	4.87
PGRD23019	9842	50132	1029	-8	292	63.40	64.5	1.10	3.66
						98.00	99.00	1.00 No Significant	1.49
PGRD23020	9730	50199	966	37	190			No Significant Assays	
PGRD23021	9725	50199	966	27	230	77.59	78.02	0.43	2.71
PGRD23022	9725	50200	965	20	241			No Significant Assays	
PGRD23023	9725	50202	965	8	251			No Significant	
I GREZOUZO	9720	50202	500	0	201	47.00	47.00	Assays	0.00
	0705	E0004	064	0	050	47.32	47.63	0.31	2.26
PGRD23024	9725	50201	964	0	258	84.15	84.37	0.22	9.14 4.63
						89.39	89.67	0.28	

### Table 1: Drill Hole Locations – Paulsens Gold Operation

						45.90	46.26	0.36	1.16
PGRD23026	9728	50199	964	36	218	70.50	72.00	1.50	1.76
						74.86	75.42	0.56	10.40
						49.65	50.30	0.65	54.30
PGRD23027	9665	50249	942	-12	269	98.00	99.00	1.00	1.88
						107.00	108.00	1.00	29.50
PGRD23028	9666	50246	942	-5	256			No Significant	
								Assays	
PGRD23042	8511	50336	338	30	185			Assays Pending	
PGRD23044	8511	50336	338	21	185	00.57	00.07	Assays Pending	0.47
						69.57	69.87	0.30	8.17
PGRD23047	9526	50296	871	-7	166	94.00	94.74	0.74	1.28
						96.14	97.25	1.11	2.76
						100.60	101.06	0.46	1.32
PGRD23048	9533	50303	872	-6	161			No Significant Assays	
PGRD23049	9525	50295	871	-12	185	60.35	61.00	0.65	2.73
PGRD23050	9521	50296	870	1.5	180			Assays Pending	
PGRD23051	9513	50296	868	10	203			Assays Pending	
PGRD23052	9517	50296	868	42	180			Assays Pending	
PGRD23053	9507	50297	867	50	211			, <b>v</b>	
						1.00	1.50	0.50	8.63
PGRD23054	9446	50400	719	-14	124	3.15	4.10	0.95	1.56
PGRD23055	9436	50391	718	-33	139	0.00	1.70	1.70	2.47
						0.00	0.26	0.26	13.00
PGRD23056	9436	50391	718	37	180	7.86	8.16	0.30	1.04
						0.68	2.02	1.34	5.74
PGRD23057	9411	50397	714	-10	167	3.36	3.86	0.50	3.02
						1.00	2.00	1.00	1.59
PGRD23057A	9411	50397	713	10	167	7.86	12.00	4.14	2.89
PGRD23058	9386	50395	709	11	180	8.00	9.00	1.00	2.57
PGRD23059	9357	50395	708	-46	175	0.00	3.00	Assays Pending	2.07
PGRD23060	9333	50395	700	-40	167				
PGRD23060	9333	50395	701	-45	180			Assays Pending Assays Pending	
PGRD23062	9333	50395	704	-40	185			Assays Pending Assays Pending	
PGRD23063	9280	50403	695	-40	185			Assays Pending Assays Pending	
PGRD23064	9280		694	-27	183				
		50401						Assays Pending	
PGRD23065	9259	50407	689	20	186			Assays Pending	
PGRD23066	9259	50407	690	-26	185			Assays Pending	
PGRD23067	9226	50413	685	20	175			Assays Pending	
PGRD23068	9225	50412	685	-17	173			Assays Pending	
PGRD23069	9184	50408	680	-28	165			Assays Pending	
PGRD23070	9189	50409	679	26	163			Assays Pending	
PGRD23071	9172	50407	677	-4	178			Assays Pending	
PGRD23072	8560	50335	346	9	186			Assays Pending	
PGRD23073	8590	50342	351	-1	197			Assays Pending	
						132.26	132.70	0.44	1.79
						157.61	157.98	0.37	16.5
PGRD23074	8605	50347	360	-17	194	187.07	189.17	2.10	2.31
						191.81	193.06	1.25	1.04
						195.14	195.43	0.29	1.30
						97.77	97.98	0.21	5.55
						31.11			
						124.22	124.74	0.52	1.14
						-		0.52 0.21	
						124.22	124.74		1.14
PGRD263075	8640	50355	360	-3	180	124.22 125.09	124.74 125.3	0.21	1.14 1.62
PGRD263075	8640	50355	360	-3	180	124.22 125.09 138.47	124.74 125.3 138.94	0.21 0.47	1.14 1.62 2.10
PGRD263075	8640	50355	360	-3	180	124.22 125.09 138.47 146.00	124.74 125.3 138.94 146.86	0.21 0.47 0.86	1.14 1.62 2.10 1.16
PGRD263075	8640	50355	360	-3	180	124.22 125.09 138.47 146.00 156.07	124.74 125.3 138.94 146.86 156.65	0.21 0.47 0.86 0.58	1.14 1.62 2.10 1.16 20.83
PGRD263075	8640	50355	360	-3	180	124.22 125.09 138.47 146.00 156.07 161.32	124.74 125.3 138.94 146.86 156.65 163.09	0.21 0.47 0.86 0.58 1.77	1.14 1.62 2.10 1.16 20.83 5.89
PGRD263075	8640	50355	360	-3 -10	180	124.22 125.09 138.47 146.00 156.07 161.32 171.05	124.74 125.3 138.94 146.86 156.65 163.09 171.53	0.21 0.47 0.86 0.58 1.77 0.48	1.14 1.62 2.10 1.16 20.83 5.89 2.99

						68.00	68.65	0.65	2.34
						89.09	90.86	1.77	5.26
						110.00	110.60	0.60	2.12
						111.90	112.26	0.36	1.39
						128.30	128.51	0.21	1.28
PGRD23077	8640	50355	359	11	180	137.06	137.36	0.30	1.98
						141.23	141.65	0.42	40.35
						152.24	152.47	0.23	9.91
						158.84	159.49	0.65	2.61
						162.86	163.12	0.26	1.16
						178.85	179.06	0.20	1.05
PGRD23081	8513	50400	307	0	161	170.00	110.00	Assays Pending	1.00
PGRD23082	8510	50400	308	-2.7	178			Assays Pending	
PGRD23083	8512	50400	307	19	159			Assays Pending	
PGRD23084	8509	50400	350	25	504			Assays Pending	
PGRD23100	9583	50372	774	-11	42			Assays Pending	
PGRD23100	9584		774	6	42			Assays Pending	
		50372						, ,	
PGRD23102	9583	50372	774	21	32			Assays Pending	
PGRD23103	9583	50372	774	-47	34			Assays Pending	
PGRD23104	9546	50351	778	-20	350			Assays Pending	
PGRD23105	9546	50351	779	-44	350			Assays Pending	
PGRD23106	9546	50351	779	-28	337	75	76	Assays Pending	2.06
PGRD23107	9728	50199	964	5	172	75		1	3.06
202200/00	0700	50/00	0.0.4		(00	107	107.75	0.75	2.58
PGRD23108	9728	50199	964	-4	182	66.6	67.6	1 No Significant	1.72
PGRD23109	9728	50199	964	-3	192			Assays	
PGRD23110	9728	50199	964	20	174			No Significant Assays	
PGRD23111	9728	50199	964	19	188	41.69	41.91	0.22	2.51
						9.62	10.58	0.96	6.36
						28.00	29.00	1.00	2.48
						71.34	71.54	0.20	3.81
						80.06	80.84	0.78	3.62
PGRD23112	8816	50345	460	0	234	105.23	106.30	1.07	2.33
						116.00	118.15	2.15	2.45
								0.00	
						129.89	130.11	0.22	16.8
						129.89 132.80	130.11 133.42	0.62	16.8 9.23
PGRD23113	8816	50346	460	-25	218	132.80	133.42	0.62	9.23
PGRD23113	8816	50346	460	-25	218	132.80 51.15	133.42 51.45	0.62 0.30	9.23 35.90
	8816	50346	460	-25 20	218	132.80 51.15 58.78	133.42 51.45 59.00	0.62 0.30 0.22	9.23 35.90 1.44
						132.80 51.15 58.78 75.72	133.42 51.45 59.00 75.98	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57
						132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13	133.42 51.45 59.00 75.98 156.46	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15
PGRD23114						132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70	133.42         51.45         59.00         75.98         156.46         43.00	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07
PGRD23114	8816	50346	460	20	204	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19
PGRD23114	8816	50346	460	20	204	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00           74.76	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25           77.00	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25 2.24	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19 2.19
PGRD23114 PGRD23115	8816	50346 50346	460 460	-30	204	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19
PGRD23114 PGRD23115 PGRD23116	8816 8816 9096	50346 50346 50357	460 460 579	20 -30 11	204 194 196	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00           74.76	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25           77.00	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25 2.24 0.56 Assays Pending	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19 2.19
PGRD23114 PGRD23115 PGRD23116 PGRD23117	8816 8816 9096 9096	50346 50346 50357 50357	460 460 579 579	20 -30 11 -8	204 194 <u>196</u> 205	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00           74.76	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25           77.00	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25 2.24 0.56 Assays Pending Assays Pending	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19 2.19
PGRD23114 PGRD23115 PGRD23116 PGRD23117 PGRD23118	8816 8816 9096 9096 9096	50346 50346 50357 50357 50357	460 460 579 579 579	20 -30 11 -8 22	204 194 196 205 210	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00           74.76	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25           77.00	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25 2.24 0.56 Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19 2.19
PGRD23114 PGRD23115 PGRD23116 PGRD23117 PGRD23118 PGRD23119	8816 8816 9096 9096 9096 9096	50346 50346 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357	460 460 579 579 579 579 579	20 -30 11 -8 22 -6	204 194 196 205 210 224	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00           74.76	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25           77.00	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25 2.24 0.56 Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19 2.19
PGRD23114 PGRD23115 PGRD23116 PGRD23117 PGRD23118 PGRD23119 PGRD23120	8816 8816 9096 9096 9096 9096 9096	50346 50346 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357	460 460 579 579 579 579 579 579	20 -30 11 -8 22 -6 12	204 194 196 205 210 224 230	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00           74.76	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25           77.00	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25 2.24 0.56 Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19 2.19
PGRD23114 PGRD23115 PGRD23116 PGRD23117 PGRD23118 PGRD23119 PGRD23120 PGRD23121	8816 8816 9096 9096 9096 9096 9096 9096	50346 50346 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357	460 460 579 579 579 579 579 579 579	20 -30 11 -8 22 -6 12 -12	204 194 196 205 210 224 230 235	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00           74.76	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25           77.00	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25 2.24 0.56 Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19 2.19
PGRD23114 PGRD23115 PGRD23116 PGRD23117 PGRD23118 PGRD23119 PGRD23120 PGRD23121 PGRD23122	8816 8816 9096 9096 9096 9096 9096 9096 9096	50346 50346 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357	460 460 579 579 579 579 579 579 579 579 579	20 -30 11 -8 22 -6 12 -12 21	204 194 196 205 210 224 230 235 240	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00           74.76	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25           77.00	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25 2.24 0.56 Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19 2.19
PGRD23113 PGRD23114 PGRD23115 PGRD23115 PGRD23117 PGRD23118 PGRD23120 PGRD23121 PGRD23122 PGRD23122 PGRD23123 PGRD23124	8816 8816 9096 9096 9096 9096 9096 9096	50346 50346 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357 50357	460 460 579 579 579 579 579 579 579	20 -30 11 -8 22 -6 12 -12	204 194 196 205 210 224 230 235	132.80           51.15           58.78           75.72           156.13           42.70           64.20           72.00           74.76	133.42           51.45           59.00           75.98           156.46           43.00           64.60           72.25           77.00	0.62 0.30 0.22 0.26 0.33 0.30 0.40 0.25 2.24 0.56 Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending Assays Pending	9.23 35.90 1.44 2.57 2.15 1.07 1.3 1.19 2.19

Notes:

All significant intercepts are reported at 1 g/t Au cut with a maximum of 1m continuous internal dilution

Negative Dip points down

Light grey intercepts have been previously reported. Refer to ASX Announcement dated 23 March 2023, 17 April 2023

#### ABOUT BLACK CAT SYNDICATE (ASX: BC8)

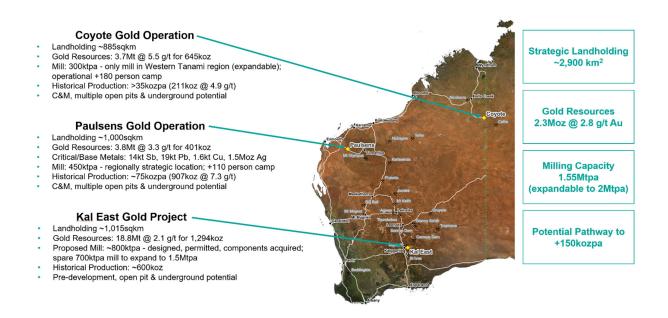
Key pillars are in place for Black Cat to become a multi operation gold producer at its three 100% owned operations. The three operations are:

**Paulsens Gold Operation:** Paulsens is located 180km west of Paraburdoo in WA. Paulsens consists of an underground mine, 450,000tpa processing facility, +110 person camp, numerous potential open pits and other related infrastructure. The operation is currently on care and maintenance, has a Resource of 3.7Mt @ 3.3g/t Au for 401koz and significant exploration and growth potential.

**Coyote Gold Operation:** Coyote is located in Northern Australia, ~20km on the WA side of the WA/NT border, on the Tanami Highway. There is a well-maintained airstrip on site that is widely used by government and private enterprises. Coyote consists of an open pit and an underground mine, 300,000tpa processing facility, +180 person camp and other related infrastructure. The operation is currently on care and maintenance and has a Resource of 3.7Mt @ 5.5g/t Au for 645koz with numerous high-grade targets in the surrounding area.

**Kal East Gold Project:** comprises ~1,015km<sup>2</sup> of highly prospective ground to the east of the world class mining centre of Kalgoorlie, WA. Kal East contains a Resource of 18.8Mt @ 2.1g/t Au for 1,294koz, including a preliminary JORC 2012 Reserve of 3.7Mt @ 2.0 g/t Au for 243koz.

Black Cat plans to construct a central processing facility near the Majestic Mining Centre, ~50km east of Kalgoorlie. The 800,000tpa processing facility will be a traditional carbon-in-leach gold plant which is ideally suited to Black Cat's Resources as well as to third party free milling ores located around Kalgoorlie.



#### COMPETENT PERSON'S STATEMENT

The information in this announcement that relates to geology, and planning was compiled by Dr. Wesley Groome, who is a Member of the AIG and an employee, shareholder and option holder of the Company. Dr. Groome has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Dr. Groome consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information in the original reports, and that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original reports.

Where the Company refers to the exploration results, Mineral Resources, and Reserves in this report (referencing previous releases made to the ASX), it confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in that announcement and all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource and Reserve estimates with that announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed.

### APPENDIX A - JORC 2012 GOLD RESOURCE TABLE - BLACK CAT (100% OWNED)

Mining C	iontro	Meas	Measured Resource Indicated Res			ated Res	ource Inferred Resource				Total Resource		
	Mining Centre		Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000 oz)	Tonnes ('000)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000 oz)	Tonnes ('000)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000 oz)	Tonnes ('000)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000 oz)
Kal East													
	Open Pit	-	-	-	1,000	2.7	86	1,380	1.8	79	2,380	2.1	164
Bulong	Underground	-	-	-	230	4.6	34	937	3.5	107	1,167	3.8	141
	Sub Total	-	-	-	1,230	3.0	120	2,316	2.5	185	3,546	2.7	305
	Open Pit	13	3.2	1	7,198	1.8	407	6,044	1.5	291	13,253	1.6	699
Mt Monger	Underground	-	-	-	1,178	4.5	169	710	4.6	104	1,888	4.5	274
-	Sub Total	-	-	-	8,375	2.1	576	6,754	1.8	395	15,142	2.0	972
Rowes Find	Open Pit	-	-	-	-	-	-	148	3.6	17	148	3.6	17
Kal East Resource		13	3.2	1	9,605	2.3	696	9,219	2.0	597	18,836	2.1	1,294

#### **Coyote Gold Operation**

	Open Pit	-	-	-	608	2.8	55	203	3.0	19	811	2.9	75
Coyote Central	Underground	-	-	-	240	23.4	181	516	10.5	175	757	14.6	356
	Sub Total	-	-	-	849	8.7	236	719	8.4	194	1,568	8.5	430
	Open Pit	-	-	-	560	2.8	51	613	3.2	63	1,174	3.0	114
Bald Hill	Underground	-	-	-	34	2.7	3	513	5.0	82	547	4.8	84
	Sub Total	-	-	-	594	2.8	54	1,126	4.0	145	1,721	3.6	198
Stockpiles		-	-	-	375	1.4	17	-	-	-	375	1.4	17
Coyote Resource		-	-	-	1,818	5.3	307	1,845	5.7	339	3,664	5.5	645

#### **Paulsens Gold Operation**

	Underground	82	8.7	23	316	11.9	121	345	10.3	114	742	10.8	258
Paulsens	Stockpile	11	1.6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	1.6	1
	Sub Total	93	8.0	24	316	11.9	121	345	10.3	114	753	10.7	259
	Open Pit	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,249	1.5	61	1,249	1.5	61
Mt Clement	Underground	-	-	-	-	-	-	492	0.3	5	492	0.3	5
	Sub Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,741	1.2	66	1,741	1.2	66
Belvedere	Open Pit	-	-	-	129	3.1	13	111	4.8	17	240	3.9	30
Northern Anticline	Open Pit	-	-	-	-	-	-	523	1.4	24	523	1.4	24
Electric Dingo	Open Pit	-	-	-	98	1.6	5	444	1.2	17	542	1.3	22
Paulsens Resourc	e	93	8.0	24	543	8.0	139	3,164	2.3	238	3,799	3.3	401
TOTAL Resourc	e	106	7.3	25	11,966	3.0	1,143	14,228	2.6	1,174	26,299	2.8	2,340

#### Notes on Resources:

The preceding statements of Mineral Resources conforms to the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results Mineral Resources and Ore 1. Reserves (JORC Code) 2012 Edition'.

2 All tonnages reported are dry metric tonnes.

Data is rounded to thousands of tonnes and thousands of ounces gold. Discrepancies in totals may occur due to rounding. 3.

4. Resources have been reported as both open pit and underground with varying cut-offs based off several factors discussed in the corresponding Table 1 which can be found with the original ASX announcements for each Resource

Resources are reported inclusive of any Reserves 5.

Paulsens Inferred Resource includes Mt Clement Eastern Zone Au of 7koz @ 0.3g/t Au accounting for lower grades reported 6.

The announcements containing the Table 1 Checklists of Assessment and Reporting Criteria relating for the 2012 JORC compliant Resources are:

Kal East: 1.

Boundary – Black Cat ASX announcement on 9 October 2020 "Strong Resource Growth Continues including 53% Increase at Fingals Fortune" 0

Trump – Black Cat ASX announcement on 9 October 2020 "Strong Resource Growth Continues including 53% Increase at Fingals Fortune" Myhree – Black Cat ASX announcement on 9 October 2020 "Strong Resource Growth Continues including 53% Increase at Fingals Fortune" 0

- 0
- Strathfield Black Cat ASX announcement on 31 March 2020 "Bulong Resource Jumps by 21% to 294,000 oz" 0
- Majestic Black Cat ASX announcement on 25 January 2022 "Majestic Resource Growth and Works Approval Granted" Sovereign Black Cat ASX announcement on 11 March 2021 "1 Million Oz in Resource & New Gold Targets"
- Imperial Black Cat ASX announcement on 11 March 2021 "1 Million Oz in Resource & New Gold Targets" Jones Find Black Cat ASX announcement 04 March 2022 "Resource Growth Continues at Jones Find"
- Crown Black Cat ASX announcement on 02 September 2021 "Maiden Resources Grow Kal East to 1.2Moz"
- Fingals Fortune Black Cat ASX announcement on 23 November 2021 "Upgraded Resource Delivers More Gold at Fingals Fortune" Fingals East Black Cat ASX announcement on 31 May 2021 "Strong Resource Growth Continues at Fingals".
- Trojan Black Cat ASX announcement on 7 October 2020 "Black Cat Acquisition adds 115,000oz to the Fingals Gold Project".
- Queen Margaret Black Cat ASX announcement on 18 February 2019 "Robust Maiden Mineral Resource Estimate at Bulong"
- Melbourne United Black Cat ASX announcement on 18 February 2019 "Robust Maiden Mineral Resource Estimate at Bulong"
- Anomaly 38 Black Cat ASX announcement on 31 March 2020 "Bulong Resource Jumps by 21% to 294,000 oz"
- Wombola Dam Black Cat ASX announcement on 28 May 2020 "Significant Increase in Resources Strategic Transaction with Silver Lake"

- Hammer and Tap Black Cat ASX announcement on 10 July 2020 "JORC 2004 Resources Converted to JORC 2012 Resources"
- Rowe's Find Black Cat ASX announcement on 10 July 2020 "JORC 2004 Resources Converted to JORC 2012 Resources
- 2 Coyote Gold Operation
  - Coyote OP&UG Black Cat ASX announcement on 16th January 2022 "Coyote Underground Resource increases to 356koz @ 14.6g/t Au One 0 of the highest-grade deposits in Australia"
  - Sandpiper OP&UG Black Cat ASX announcement on 25th May 2022 "Coyote & Paulsens High-Grade JORC Resources Confirmed" 0
  - Kookaburra OP Black Cat ASX announcement on 25th May 2022 "Coyote & Paulsens High-Grade JORC Resources Confirmed" 0
  - Pebbles OP Black Cat ASX announcement on 25th May 2022 "Coyote & Paulsens High-Grade JORC Resources Confirmed" Stockpiles SP (Coyote) – Black Cat ASX announcement on 25th May 2022 "Coyote & Paulsens High-Grade JORC Resources Confirmed"
- Paulsens Gold Operation: 3
  - Paulsens UG Black Cat ASX announcement on 13th February 2023 "Paulsens Underground Resource increases to 258koz @ 10.8g/t Au -0 Black Cat now owns two of the highest-grade deposits in Australia'
  - Paulsens SP Black Cat ASX announcement on 19th April 2022 "Funded Acquisition of Coyote & Paulsens Gold Operations Supporting 0 Documents"
  - Belvedere OP Black Cat ASX announcement on 19th April 2022 "Funded Acquisition of Coyote & Paulsens Gold Operations Supporting 0 Documents'
  - Mt Clement Black Cat ASX announcement on 24<sup>th</sup> November 2022 "High-Grade Au-Cu-Sb-Ag-Pb Resource at Paulsens" Merlin Black Cat ASX announcement on 25<sup>th</sup> May 2022 "Coyote & Paulsens High-Grade JORC Resources Confirmed"

Electric Dingo - Black Cat ASX announcement on 25th May 2022 "Coyote & Paulsens High-Grade JORC Resources Confirmed

#### APPENDIX B - JORC 2012 POLYMETALLIC RESOURCES - BLACK CAT (100% OWNED)

The current in-situ, drill-defined polymetallic Resources for Black Cat Syndicate are listed below.

	<b>D</b>	<b>-</b>			Grade			Contained Metal				
Deposit	Resource Category	Tonnes (,000 t)	Au (g/t)	Cu (%)	Sb (%)	Ag (g/t)	Pb (%)	Au (koz)	Cu (kt)	Sb (kt)	Ag (koz)	Pb (kt)
) Mantana	Inferred	415	-	0.4	0.2	76.9	-	*	1.6	0.7	1,026	-
Western	Total	415	-	0.4	0.2	76.9	-	*	1.6	0.7	1,026	-
Central	Inferred	532	-	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	-
Central	Total	532	-	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	-
Eastern	Inferred	794	-	-	1.7	17.0	2.4	*	-	13.2	434	18.7
Eastern	Total	794	-	-	1.7	17.0	2.4	*	-	13.2	434	18.7
Total		1,741	-	-	-	-	-	*	1.6	13.9	1,460	18.7

Notes on Resources:

The preceding statements of Mineral Resources conforms to the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results Mineral Resources 1. and Ore Reserves (JORC Code) 2012 Edition'.

All tonnages reported are dry metric tonnes 2.

3. Data is rounded to thousands of tonnes and thousands of ounces/tonnes for copper, antimony, silver, and lead, . Discrepancies in totals may occur due to rounding.

4. Resources have been reported as both open pit and underground with varying cut-offs based off several factors discussed in the corresponding Table 1 which can be found with the original ASX announcements for each Resource

Resources are reported inclusive of any Reserves 5

Gold is reported in the previous table for Mt Clement, and so is not reported here. A total of 66koz of gold is contained within the Mt Clement 6. Resource

The announcements containing the Table 1 Checklists of Assessment and Reporting Criteria relating for the 2012 JORC compliant Resources are:

Paulsens Gold Operation 1.

Mt Clement – Black Cat ASX announcement on 24th November 2022 "High-Grade Au-Cu-Sb-Ag-Pb Resource at Paulsens"

#### APPENDIX C - JORC 2012 GOLD RESERVE TABLE - BLACK CAT (100% OWNED)

The current in-situ, drill-defined Reserves for the Kal East Gold Project are listed below.

	P	roven Reser	ve	Pr	obable Rese	rve	Total Reserve			
	Tonnes ('000s)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000s oz)	Tonnes ('000s)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000s oz)	Tonnes ('000s)	Grade (g/t Au)	Metal ('000s oz)	
Open Pit Reserves	-	-	-	3,288	1.8	193	3,288	1.8	193	
Underground Reserves	-	-	-	437	3.6	50	437	3.6	50	
TOTAL Resource	-	-	-	3,725	2.0	243	3,725	2.0	243	

Notes on Reserve:

The preceding statements of Mineral Reserves conforms to the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results Mineral Resources 1 and Ore Reserves (JORC Code) 2012 Edition'.

2 All tonnages reported are dry metric tonnes

Data is rounded to thousands of tonnes and thousands of ounces gold. Discrepancies in totals may occur due to rounding. 3.

4. Cut-off Grade:

Open Pit - The Ore Reserves are based upon an internal cut-off grade greater than or equal to the break-even cut-off grade.

Underground - The Ore Reserves are based upon an internal cut-off grade greater than the break-even cut-off grade.

- 5. The commodity price used for the Revenue calculations was AUD \$2,300 per ounce
- 6 The Ore Reserves are based upon a State Royalty of 2.5% and a refining charge of 0.2%.

The announcements containing the Table 1 Checklists of Assessment and Reporting Criteria relating for the 2012 JORC compliant Reserves are: Kal East: 1.

Black Cat ASX announcement on 03 June 2022 "Robust Base Case Production Plan of 302koz for Kal East"

#### APPENDIX D – PAULSENS DRILLING UNDERGROUND- JORC TABLE 1

Section 1: Sampling Technique	s and Data	
Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
	Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.	Diamond core is sampled based on geological logging of mineralised intervals. Samples range in width from 0.10m to 1.20m. Adequate buffers of surrounding non-mineralised rock are sampled around primary samples of between 1 and 5m depending on the nature of the interval to characterise the mineralised boundaries as "hard" or "soft". Samples are collected on half NQ2 core with cutting off the orientation line (where available) and half core routinely selected to sample the same side of the cut line to avoid bias.
		Historically, core samples were collected from whole core for resource definition holes and half-core, similar to what is outlined above, for exploration holes.
Sampling techniques	Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.	Core is aligned and measured by tape, comparing back to down hole core blocks consistent with industry practice. For the current drill program, downhole orientation of the core is done via True Core and hole orientation is measured downhole using a Devi Gyro.
	Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1m samples from which 3kg was pulverised to produce a 30g charge for fire assay'). In other cases, more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.	Diamond core is sampled on intervals ranging from 0.10 to 1.20m depending on the nature of the logged interval. Core is half-cut along a cut line just off the orientation line (where available) and core from the same side of the cut line is submitted for assay to avoid human bias of sample selection. Samples are crushed and pulverised at a commercial lab to produce an ~200g pulp sub sample to use in the assay process. Samples are analysed via fire assay using a 40g charge. Visible gold has been reported in recent and historic logging.
Drilling techniques	Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).	Current core drilling is via NQ2 core size. Core is currently oriented using a True Core tool, which is a commercially available product. Historic diamond drilling was a mixture of NQ2 and LTK48 core sizes.
	Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and	Diamond drill recoveries are recorded as a percentage calculated from measured core versus drilled intervals.
	results assessed.	Achieving >95% recovery. Greater than 0.2 metre discrepancies are resolved with the drill supervisor.
Drill sample recovery	Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.	Standard diamond drilling practice results in high recovery due to competent nature of the ground.
	Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.	There is no known relationship between sample recovery and grade, sample recovery is very high.
	Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.	Core logging is carried out by company and contract geologists. Holes are routinely logged for lithology, alteration and mineralisation and where oriented and appropriate structural measurements are collected. Geotechnical logging is limited to recording RQD data for exploration holes.
Logging	Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.	Logging is qualitative and all core is photographed. Visual estimates are made of sulphide, quartz vein and alteration percentages.
	The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.	100% of the drill core is logged.
	If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.	Current sampling is via half core, which is cut using an Almonte diamond core saw with the right half consistently sampled to intervals delineated by the logging geologist. The left half is archived. All major mineralised zones are sampled plus associated visibly barren host rock between 1 and 5m depending on the thickness of the primary sample interval. Sample intervals range from 0.1 to 1.2m in length. Historic sampling was a mixture of whole core and half core sampling as above.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.	Current drilling is only via diamond coring.
	For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.	Sample preparation is conducted at a commercial laboratory to an acceptable standard. Blank samples are routinely submitted to assess the preparation QAQC.
	Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.	For drill core the external labs coarse duplicates are used. CRM standards are inserted into the sample stream on a 1:20 ratio in addition to internal laboratory CRMs. Blanks are inserted into the sample stream routinely to assess the QAQC of the sample preparation stage.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Unterna	Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second half sampling.	Field duplicates are not utilised in the current drill program. Routine other half core sampling is not undertaken, but half core is archived for re-sampling if deemed necessary. Duplicate lab analysis is routinely undertaken at regular sampling intervals on crushed material.
	Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.	Sample sizes are considered appropriate.
	The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.	For all drill core samples, gold concentration is determined by fire assay using the lead collection technique with a 40 gram sample charge weight. An AAS finish is used, considered to be total gold.
	For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.	No other sources of data reported.
Quality of assay data and aboratory tests	Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.	The QAQC protocols used include the following for all drill samples: Commercial coarse blanks are inserted at an incidence of 1 in 40 samples or after intervals of significant visual mineralisation. Commercially prepared certified reference materials are inserted at an incidence of 1 in 20 samples. The CRM used is not identifiable to the laboratory. The primary laboratory QAQC protocols used include the following for all drill samples: Repeat of pulps at a rate of 5%. Screen tests (percentage of pulverised sample passing a 75µm mesh) are undertaken on 1 in 100 samples. Failed standards are followed up by re-assaying a second 40 g pulp sample of the failed standard ± 10 samples either side by the same method at the primary laboratory. Both the accuracy component (CRM's and umpire checks) and the precision component (duplicates and repeats) are deemed acceptable.
	The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.	Significant intercepts have been reviewed by the competent person as part of the due diligence process
/erification of sampling and	The use of twinned holes.	No twinned holes have been drilled as part of this drill program.
assaying	Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.	Current logging is done via a protected Excel spreadsheet and uploaded into an external Access database at the completion of each drillhole. The original logs are archived.
	Discuss any adjustment to assay data.	No adjustments to assay data have been made.
	Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down- hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.	Drill hole collar positions are picked up by survey using a calibrated total station Leica 1203+ instrument. Drill hole, downhole surveys are recorded at the collar and then every 50m downhole using a Devi Gyro, north-seeking tool with the Paulsens Local Grid transformation pre-loaded.
Location of data points	Specification of the grid system used.	A local grid system (Paulsen Mine Grid) is used. It is rotated 41.7 degrees to the west of GDA94 – MGA zone 50 grid. Local origin is 50,000N and 10,000E Conversion. MGA E = (East_LOC*0.75107808+North_LOC*0.659680194+381644.16) MGA N = (North_LOC*0.75107808-East_LOC*0.659680194+7571963.75) MGA RL = mRL_LOC-1000
	Quality and adequacy of topographic control.	Topographic control is not relevant to the underground mine. For general use, an airborne survey was flown in 2023. Resolution is +/- 0.5m.
	Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.	Exploration result data spacing can be highly variable, up to 100m and down to 10m.
Data spacing and distribution	Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.	Measured data spacing is better than 7m x 7m and restricted to areas in immediate proximity to mined development. Data spacing for indicated material is approximately, or better than, 20m x 20m. All other areas where sample data is greater than 20m x 20m, or where intercept angle is low, is classified as inferred.
	Whether sample compositing has been applied.	Core sampling is conducted on geologic intervals and is not field-composited. Assay data is composited using a 1g/t cut-off with up to 2m total internal dilution and 1m continuous dilution.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.	Drilling is designed to be as close to perpendicular to the known mineralised trend being tested as achievable given drill collar location constraints. Core is routinely oriented and structural measurements taken of significant mineralisation zones to calculate true thickness during Resource Estimation. Hanging-wall drill drives provide excellent intercept orientation to the geological structures used in the estimate.
	If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.	The drill orientation to mineralised structures biases the number of samples per drill hole. It is not thought to make a material difference in the Resource estimation as opportunity arises, better angled holes are drilled with higher intersection angles.

#### Section 1: Sampling Techniques and Data Criteria JORC Code Explanation Commentary All samples are selected, cut and bagged in tied pre-numbered calico bags, grouped in larger tied plastic bags, and placed in large bulka bags with a sample submission sheet. Sample security The measures taken to ensure sample security. The bulka bags are transported via freight truck to Perth, with consignment note and receipts. Sample pulp splits are returned to BC8 via return freight and stored in shelved containers on site. Pre BC8 operator sample security assumed to be similar and adequate. Recent external review confirmed core and face sampling techniques are to industry standard. Audits or reviews The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data. Data handling is considered adequate and was further improved recently with a new database. Pre BC8 data audits found less QAQC reports, though in line with industry standards at that time.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary					
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as Joint Ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.	Paulsens Gold Mine is located on tenements M08/99 and M08/196, both of which are held by Black Cat (Paulsens)Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of Black Cat Syndicate Ltd and are in good standing. All production is subject to a Western Australian state government Net Smelter Return ("NSR") royalty of 2.5%. There are several registered heritage sites on surface around the Paulsens Gold Mine, but they do not impact underground operations.					
	The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.	No known impediment to obtaining a licence to operate exists and the remainder of the tenements are in good standing.					
		Extensive exploration and development have been conducted around Paulsens dating from the 1970s for variou commodities, including gold and base metals. Several operators have conducted exploration, much of which is recorder digitally in the Black Cat database.					
xploration done by other parties		Most recently, Paulsens was owned by Northern Star, who conducted significant underground and surface exploration which Black Cat has in digital form. Work activities included:					
	Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.	<ul> <li>Extensive underground drilling and development work</li> <li>Surface RC and diamond drilling around Paulsens Gold Mine and on regional tenure</li> <li>Several campaigns of surface and underground bedrock mapping to constrain the local and district-scale structural architecture as an aid in exploration targeting</li> <li>Several rounds of geophysical acquisitions including airborne magnetics and radiometrics, surface gravit surveys, ground and airborne EM surveying and 2D and 3D seismic surveys over the Paulsens Gold Mine</li> </ul>					
Geology	Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	Paulsens is a narrow vein orogenic gold deposit hosted in the Wyloo dome within the Ashburton Basin. Mineralisation i hosted in quartz-sulphide (pyrite, pyrrhotite, chalcopyrite and galena) veins ranging in thickness from a few centimetres to several metres, as well as in semi-massive sulphidic shear zones containing milled sulphides (primarily pyrite and chalcopyrite). Most of the mined ore zone at Paulsens is hosted in veins within a highly sheared argillic sandstone/siltstone within a broad shear zone that forms a subsidiary structure to the regionally extensive Nanjilgardy Fault system. A second set of mineralised quartz veins are hosted in tension gash structures within the Paulsens Mine Gabbro, which is a medium grained gabbro/dolerite sill that intrudes the sedimentary succession. The mined portion of the Paulsens Deposit is hosted in a shear zone that cuts through the Paulsens Mine Gabbro and offsets the gabbro several 10s to 100s of metres.					
	A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:						
	<ul> <li>easting and northing of the drill hole collar;</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>elevation or Reduced Level ("RL") (elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar;</li> </ul>						
Drill hole information	<ul> <li>dip and azimuth of the hole;</li> </ul>	All drill collar location details are reported in the body of this report.					
	<ul> <li>down hole length and interception depth;</li> </ul>						
	hole length; and						
	<ul> <li>if the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</li> </ul>						

Section 2: Reporting of Exploration Results		
Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Data aggregation methods	In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g., cutting of high-grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.	Composite assay results are reported using a 1g/t Au lower cut-off. No top-cut is applied to assay data.
	Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.	All composites are reported with a maximum total internal waste of 2m, with up to 1m of contiguous waste included between mineralised intervals. The minimum composite grade reported is 1g/t. Internal high grades are reported in the body of the text as "including" intervals. Typically, these high-grade sub-intervals are reported if they are more than 10x the composite grade
	The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.	Not applicable, as no metal equivalent values have been reported.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known').	All intercepts are reported as downhole depths which is considered close to true width for most intercepts.
Diagrams	Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	Appropriate diagrams have been included in the body of the announcement.
Balanced reporting	Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration. Results are not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high- grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.	All significant results have been tabulated in this release, including drillholes with no significant results
Other substantive exploration data	Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	Geophysical surveys including aeromagnetic surveys and seismic have been carried out by previous owners to highlight and interpret prospective structures in the project area.
Further work	The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g., tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.	Black Cat is continuing an exploration program which will target extension of mineralisation and regional targets within th Paulsens area