

Continuation of Thick High-Grade Extensions at New Orient

HIGHLIGHTS

- Remaining holes from the maiden New Orient drill program have been received and have confirmed that thick high-grade gold mineralisation continues at depth
- Significant results include:
 - o BB0047: 9.0m @ 7.5 g/t Au from 114m incl. 5.0m @ 12.6 g/t Au from 114m
 - o BB0045: 6.0m @ 4.2g/t Au from 48m incl. 2.0m @ 10.7 g/t Au from 49m
 - o BB0046: 7.0m @ 2.1 g/t Au from 114m incl. 3m @ 4.5 g/t Au from 118m
- Stage 2 drilling has been brought forward, with contractors on site and drilling expected to commence imminently
- Stage 2 drilling will focus on testing depth extensions to the south of New Orient identified in the first campaign and aim to further delineate the orientation of the higher grade shoots
- Results from drilling at the Baxters-Golconda prospects are expected to be received in the coming weeks

New Orient Drilling Update

Caprice Resources Limited (ASX:CRS) (**Caprice** or **the Company**) is pleased to announce that it has received the majority of the remaining results from the Company's maiden drilling program from the New Orient prospect at the Island Gold Project (**The Island** or **Project**). These results represent 6 holes of a 16 hole program previously announced at New Orient with only BB0044 pending.

The maiden drill program has confirmed that the thick high-grade mineralisation in the south of the interpreted fault extends to the north and at depth as illustrated in Figure 1. Following the highly encouraging results Caprice has brought forward Stage 2 drilling at New Orient, with contractors on site and drilling to commence imminently. The drilling will focus on the extension of the high-grade mineralisation to the south at depth as well as testing for continuity of the high grade zones between previous drilling hits.

Significant intersections from include:

- o BB0047: 9.0m @ 7.5 g/t Au from 114m incl. 5.0m @ 12.6 g/t Au from 114m
- o BB0045: 6.0m @ 4.2g/t Au from 48m incl. 2.0m @ 10.7 g/t Au from 49m
- o BB0046: 7.0m @ 2.1 g/t Au from 114m incl. 3m @ 4.5 g/t Au from 118m



Previously reported significant intersections from the first 9 holes included:

- o BB035: 8.0m @ 8.4 g/t Au from 76m incl. 4.0m @ 14.7 g/t Au from 76m
- o BB038: 8.0m @ 7.5 g/t Au from 69m incl. 3.0m @ 12.5 g/t Au from 69m
- o BB038: 10.0m @ 3.2 g/t Au from 9m incl. 3.0m @ 8.2 g/t Au from 12m
- o BB040: 2.0m @ 4.5 g/t Au from 135m
- o BB041: 14.0m @ 6.0 g/t Au from 58m incl. 6.0m @ 9.0 g/t Au from 64m

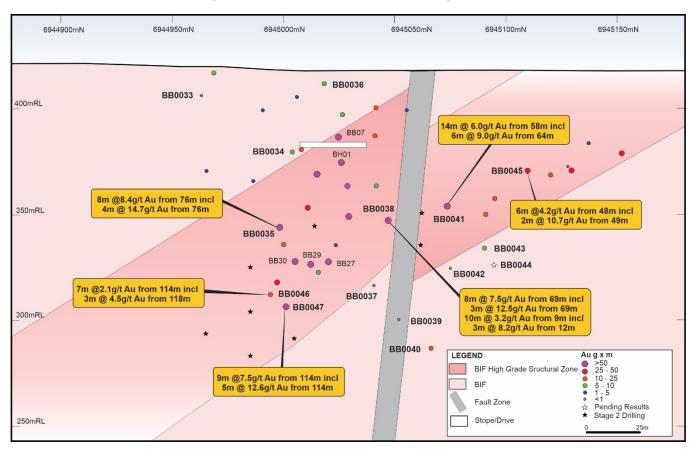


Figure 1: New Orient long-section illustrating historical intercepts and current drill hole pierce points

This program has significantly enhanced the strike length of the high-grade zones identified within the mineralised BIF. The deeper holes from this drilling failed to intersect the higher-grade zones due to drilling down the footwall of the BIF (BB0039, BB0042 and BB0035). This has shown that the BIF is dipping to the west at an angle of between 60 and 70 degrees, similar to the drilling angle. This is thought to be due to folding within the BIF as shown in the drill section in Figure 2. The folding appears to control the wider and higher-grade zones of mineralisation within the broader mineralised BIF with significant sulphide associated with the higher gold zones due to the alteration of the magnetite in the BIF to pyrrhotite and pyrite. The plunge of these folds is still to be fully determined and Stage 2 drilling has been brought forward to commence imminently to further delineate the mineralisation. A majority of



the drilling will be to extend and define the high-grade gold shoots to the south with 3 holes within the known mineralised zone to test for continuity and plunge of the sulphidic zones.

Many of the Stage 1 holes were drilled from the east which was designed to enhance the Company's structural understanding of the ore body. Having achieved this, Stage 2 will return to drilling the mineralisation from the western side. The long projection in Figure 1 shows the distribution of the previous high-grade intercepts¹ and the current drilling results.

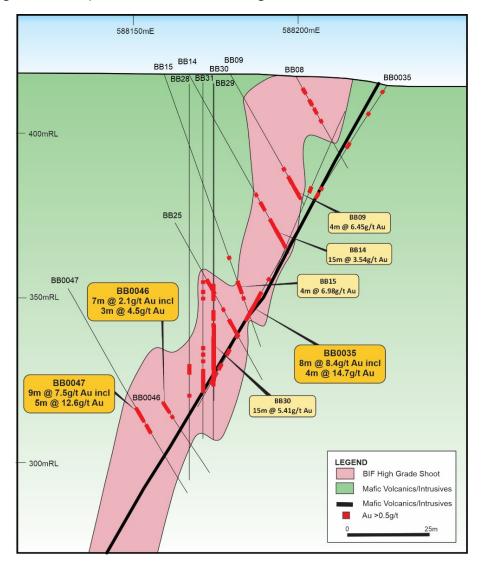


Figure 2: Cross-section through Hole BB0035

The understanding of the controls on mineralisation is continuing to enhance our knowledge of the prospects and is facilitating the refinement of the location of planned drill holes. Downhole EM is to be trialled at the prospect to determine extensions to the high sulphide zones and, if effective, will assist in

¹ See ASX announcement CAPRICE TO ACQUIRE HIGH-GRADE GOLD PROJECT NEAR CUE, WA dated 6 August 2020.



drill target prioritisation. A full list of results using a 1g/t cut-off and up to 3m of internal waste is given in Table 1.

| Hole ID | From (m) | To (m) | Width (m) | Au (g/t) |
|---------|----------|---------|-----------|----------|
| BB0034 | 36 | 38 | 2 | 4.0 |
| BB0035 | 21 | 22 | 1 | 1.0 |
| BB0035 | 69 | 70 | 1 | 6.7 |
| BB0035 | 75 | 83 | 8 | 8.4 |
| incl. | 76 | 80 | 4 | 14.7 |
| BB0035 | 89 | 90 | 1 | 1.6 |
| BB0035 | 94 | 95 | 1 | 7.6 |
| BB0035 | 100 | 106 | 6 | 1.7 |
| BB0036 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3.1 |
| BB0038 | 9 | 19 | 10 | 3.2 |
| incl. | 12 | 15 | 3 | 8.2 |
| BB0038 | 44 | 45 | 1 | 1.0 |
| BB0038 | 47 | 48 | 1 | 2.5 |
| BB0038 | 69 | 77 | 8 | 7.5 |
| incl. | 69 | 72 | 3 | 12.5 |
| BB0038 | 89 | 90 | 1 | 1.6 |
| BB0040 | 135 | 140 | 5 | 2.1 |
| BB0041 | 58 | 72 | 14 | 6.0 |
| BB0041 | 79 | 80 | 1 | 3.1 |
| BB0043 | 83 | 85 | 2 | 1.9 |
| BB0044 | Results | Pending | | |
| BB0045 | 10 | 12 | 2 | 2.5 |
| BB0045 | 48 | 54 | 6 | 4.2 |
| incl. | 49 | 51 | 2 | 10.9 |
| BB0045 | 64 | 65 | 1 | 1.2 |
| BB0045 | 77 | 78 | 1 | 3.5 |
| BB0046 | 79 | 80 | 1 | 4.6 |
| BB0046 | 114 | 121 | 7 | 2.5 |
| incl. | 118 | 121 | 3 | 4.5 |
| BB0047 | 114 | 123 | 9 | 7.5 |
| incl. | 114 | 119 | 5 | 12.6 |
| incl. | 114 | 115 | 1 | 35.3 |
| and. | 118 | 119 | 1 | 23.1 |
| BB0048 | 33 | 34 | 1 | 1.35 |

Table 1: All intercepts > 1g/t Au from current results



This announcement has been authorised by the Board of Caprice.

For further information please contact:

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Competent Person's Statement

The information in this report that relates to exploration results has been compiled by Mr David Jenkins, a full time employee of Terra Search Pty Ltd, geological consultants engaged by Caprice Resources Ltd. Mr Jenkins is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and has sufficient experience in the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Minerals Resources and Ore Reserves ("JORC Code"). Mr Jenkins consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

| | East | North | | | | Total | |
|---------|--------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Hole ID | MGA | MGA | RL | Dip | Azimuth | Depth (m) | Assays |
| BB0033 | 588205 | 6944960 | 415.9 | -50.3 | 298.1 | 50 | Rec'd |
| BB0034 | 588218 | 6944992 | 414.5 | -59.0 | 308.4 | 150 | Rec'd |
| BB0035 | 588227 | 6945009 | 414.5 | -56.1 | 255.7 | 114 | Rec'd |
| BB0036 | 588241 | 6945018 | 415.1 | -58.4 | 272.7 | 126 | Rec'd |
| BB0037 | 588235 | 6945036 | 414.1 | -59.7 | 277.4 | 95 | Rec'd |
| BB0038 | 588225 | 6945046 | 413.9 | -58.0 | 271.2 | 90 | Rec'd |
| BB0039 | 588246 | 6945044 | 414.1 | -58.3 | 275.1 | 144 | Rec'd |
| BB0040 | 588240 | 6945057 | 412.8 | -59.2 | 277.4 | 150 | Rec'd |
| BB0041 | 588232 | 6945071 | 413.8 | -58.4 | 273.9 | 96 | Rec'd |
| BB0042 | 588256 | 6945068 | 413.1 | -59.6 | 278.7 | 120 | Rec'd |
| BB0043 | 588248 | 6945085 | 413.8 | -58.9 | 277.4 | 102 | Rec'd |
| BB0044 | 588263 | 6945092 | 414.0 | -55.8 | 272.9 | 155 | Pending |
| BB0045 | 588255 | 6945110 | 414.3 | -53.9 | 266.9 | 89 | Rec'd |
| BB0046 | 588097 | 6944969 | 415.1 | -55.4 | 67.8 | 144 | Rec'd |
| BB0047 | 588095 | 6945000 | 415.9 | -60.2 | 88.7 | 144 | Rec'd |
| BB0048 | 588127 | 6945152 | 417.8 | -59.2 | 90.6 | 78 | Rec'd |

Table 2 Drillhole Locations - New Orient, October 2020 Drilling

Table 3 New Orient Significant Assays

| Hole ID | Sample | From | То | Data Type | Au | Au1 | Au2 |
|---------|--------|------|----|--------------|------|-----|-----|
| BB0042 | IS6349 | 67 | 68 | INT | 0.01 | | |
| BB0042 | IS6350 | 68 | 69 | INT | 0.11 | | |



| | | | | Data | | | |
|---------|--------|------|----|------|-------|------|------|
| Hole ID | Sample | From | То | Туре | Au | Au1 | Au2 |
| BB0042 | IS6351 | 69 | 70 | INT | 0.01 | | |
| BB0042 | IS6352 | 70 | 71 | INT | 0.91 | 0.11 | 0.17 |
| BB0042 | IS6353 | 71 | 72 | INT | 0.01 | | |
| BB0042 | IS6354 | 72 | 73 | INT | 0.03 | | |
| BB0042 | IS6355 | 73 | 74 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0042 | IS6369 | 84 | 85 | INT | 0.02 | | |
| BB0042 | IS6370 | 85 | 86 | INT | 0.03 | | |
| BB0042 | IS6371 | 86 | 87 | INT | 0.01 | | |
| BB0042 | IS6372 | 87 | 88 | INT | 0.73 | 0.28 | 0.37 |
| BB0042 | IS6373 | 88 | 89 | INT | 0.06 | | |
| BB0042 | IS6374 | 89 | 90 | INT | 0.04 | | |
| BB0042 | IS6375 | 90 | 91 | INT | 0.01 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6424 | 10 | 11 | INT | 0.01 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6425 | 11 | 12 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6426 | 12 | 13 | INT | 0.26 | 0.31 | |
| BB0043 | IS6427 | 13 | 14 | INT | 0.91 | 0.93 | |
| BB0043 | IS6428 | 14 | 15 | INT | 0.25 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6429 | 15 | 16 | INT | 0.42 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6430 | 16 | 17 | INT | 0.12 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6431 | 17 | 18 | INT | 0.66 | 0.63 | |
| BB0043 | IS6432 | 18 | 19 | INT | 0.04 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6433 | 19 | 20 | INT | 0.01 | 0.01 | |
| BB0043 | IS6434 | 20 | 21 | INT | 0.02 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6481 | 59 | 60 | DUP | 0.03 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6483 | 60 | 61 | INT | 0.23 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6484 | 61 | 62 | INT | 0.18 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6485 | 62 | 63 | INT | 0.87 | 0.79 | |
| BB0043 | IS6486 | 63 | 64 | INT | 0.04 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6487 | 64 | 65 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6488 | 65 | 66 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6507 | 80 | 81 | INT | 0.08 | | 0.11 |
| BB0043 | IS6508 | 81 | 82 | INT | 0.01 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6509 | 82 | 83 | INT | 0.05 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6510 | 83 | 84 | INT | 1.93 | 1.3 | |
| BB0043 | IS6511 | 84 | 85 | INT | 1.93 | 2.13 | |
| BB0043 | IS6512 | 85 | 86 | INT | 0.35 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6513 | 86 | 87 | INT | 0.06 | | |
| BB0043 | IS6514 | 87 | 88 | INT | 0.04 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6724 | 7 | 8 | INT | 0.12 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6725 | 8 | 9 | INT | 0.05 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6726 | 9 | 10 | INT | 0.07 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6727 | 10 | 11 | INT | 1.88 | | |



| | | | | Data | | | |
|---------|--------|------|----|------|-------|------|------|
| Hole ID | Sample | From | То | Туре | Au | Au1 | Au2 |
| BB0045 | IS6728 | 11 | 12 | INT | 3.12 | 3.24 | |
| BB0045 | IS6729 | 12 | 13 | INT | 0.55 | 0.55 | |
| BB0045 | IS6730 | 13 | 14 | INT | 0.19 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6731 | 14 | 15 | INT | 0.05 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6732 | 15 | 16 | INT | 0.21 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6768 | 45 | 46 | INT | 0.01 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6769 | 46 | 47 | INT | 0.01 | 0.02 | |
| BB0045 | IS6770 | 47 | 48 | INT | 0.02 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6771 | 48 | 49 | INT | 1.03 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6772 | 49 | 50 | INT | 6.5 | 6.68 | 6.34 |
| BB0045 | IS6773 | 50 | 51 | INT | 14.9 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6774 | 51 | 52 | INT | 0.6 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6775 | 52 | 53 | INT | 0.02 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6776 | 53 | 54 | INT | 2.02 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6777 | 54 | 55 | INT | 0.1 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6778 | 55 | 56 | INT | 0.2 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6779 | 56 | 57 | INT | 0.05 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6787 | 61 | 62 | INT | -0.01 | Х | |
| BB0045 | IS6788 | 62 | 63 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6789 | 63 | 64 | INT | 0.38 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6790 | 64 | 65 | INT | 1.15 | 0.78 | |
| BB0045 | IS6791 | 65 | 66 | INT | 0.05 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6792 | 66 | 67 | INT | 0.01 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6793 | 67 | 68 | INT | 0.02 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6799 | 73 | 74 | INT | 0.02 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6801 | 73 | 74 | DUP | 0.01 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6803 | 74 | 75 | INT | 0.04 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6804 | 75 | 76 | INT | 0.55 | 0.59 | |
| BB0045 | IS6805 | 76 | 77 | INT | 0.05 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6806 | 77 | 78 | INT | 3.46 | 2.07 | |
| BB0045 | IS6807 | 78 | 79 | INT | 0.17 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6808 | 79 | 80 | INT | 0.26 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6809 | 80 | 81 | INT | 0.17 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6810 | 81 | 82 | INT | 0.21 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6811 | 82 | 83 | INT | 0.24 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6812 | 83 | 84 | INT | 0.53 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6813 | 84 | 85 | INT | 0.02 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6814 | 85 | 86 | INT | 0.02 | | |
| BB0045 | IS6815 | 86 | 87 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6909 | 76 | 77 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6910 | 77 | 78 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6911 | 78 | 79 | INT | 0.01 | | |



| | | | | Data | | | |
|---------|--------|------|-----|------|-------|------|------|
| Hole ID | Sample | From | То | Туре | Au | Au1 | Au2 |
| BB0046 | IS6912 | 79 | 80 | INT | 4.62 | 1.33 | 1.02 |
| BB0046 | IS6913 | 80 | 81 | INT | 0.03 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6914 | 81 | 82 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6915 | 82 | 83 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6950 | 111 | 112 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6951 | 112 | 113 | INT | 0.05 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6952 | 113 | 114 | INT | 0.35 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6953 | 114 | 115 | INT | 3.54 | 3.61 | 2.68 |
| BB0046 | IS6954 | 115 | 116 | INT | 0.48 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6955 | 116 | 117 | INT | 0.1 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6956 | 117 | 118 | INT | 0.03 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6957 | 118 | 119 | INT | 1.08 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6958 | 119 | 120 | INT | 7.63 | 9.23 | 10.3 |
| BB0046 | IS6961 | 120 | 121 | DUP | 7.7 | 6.06 | 7.53 |
| BB0046 | IS6959 | 120 | 121 | INT | 4.66 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6963 | 121 | 122 | INT | 0.69 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6964 | 122 | 123 | INT | 0.44 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6965 | 123 | 124 | INT | 0.52 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6966 | 124 | 125 | INT | 0.07 | | |
| BB0046 | IS6967 | 125 | 126 | INT | 0.03 | | 0.04 |
| BB0046 | IS6968 | 126 | 127 | INT | 0.24 | 0.22 | |
| BB0047 | IS7119 | 112 | 113 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0047 | IS7121 | 112 | 113 | DUP | -0.01 | | |
| BB0047 | IS7123 | 113 | 114 | INT | 0.04 | | |
| BB0047 | IS7124 | 114 | 115 | INT | 35.3 | 50.5 | 45.6 |
| BB0047 | IS7125 | 115 | 116 | INT | 1.69 | | |
| BB0047 | IS7126 | 116 | 117 | INT | 2.39 | | |
| BB0047 | IS7127 | 117 | 118 | INT | 0.72 | | |
| BB0047 | IS7128 | 118 | 119 | INT | 23.1 | 22.2 | 22.8 |
| BB0047 | IS7129 | 119 | 120 | INT | 0.2 | | |
| BB0047 | IS7130 | 120 | 121 | INT | 1.09 | 1.07 | |
| BB0047 | IS7131 | 121 | 122 | INT | 1.39 | 1.67 | 1.1 |
| BB0047 | IS7132 | 122 | 123 | INT | 1.36 | | |
| BB0047 | IS7133 | 123 | 124 | INT | 0.06 | | |
| BB0047 | IS7134 | 124 | 125 | INT | 0.05 | 0.03 | |
| BB0047 | IS7135 | 125 | 126 | INT | 0.09 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7189 | 26 | 27 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7190 | 27 | 28 | INT | -0.01 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7191 | 28 | 29 | INT | 0.07 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7192 | 29 | 30 | INT | 0.53 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7193 | 30 | 31 | INT | 0.07 | 0.06 | |
| BB0048 | IS7194 | 31 | 32 | INT | 0.35 | | |



| | | | | Data | | | |
|---------|--------|------|----|------|------|------|-----|
| Hole ID | Sample | From | То | Туре | Au | Au1 | Au2 |
| BB0048 | IS7195 | 32 | 33 | INT | 0.74 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7196 | 33 | 34 | INT | 1.35 | 1.48 | |
| BB0048 | IS7197 | 34 | 35 | INT | 0.17 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7198 | 35 | 36 | INT | 0.02 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7201 | 36 | 37 | DUP | 0.06 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7206 | 40 | 41 | INT | 0.09 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7207 | 41 | 42 | INT | 0.35 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7208 | 42 | 43 | INT | 0.45 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7209 | 43 | 44 | INT | 0.68 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7210 | 44 | 45 | INT | 0.55 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7211 | 45 | 46 | INT | 0.26 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7212 | 46 | 47 | INT | 0.2 | | |
| BB0048 | IS7213 | 47 | 48 | INT | 0.1 | | |





JORC Code, 2012 Edition:

Section 1: Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

| Criteria | JORC Code explanation | Commentary |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Sampling techniques | Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. | Reverse Circulation drilling was used to obtain 1m samples from a splitter on the cyclone. Samples weights have been noted. Most samples were >3kg and were crushed and pulverised to produce a 50g pellet for Fire Assay at SGS laboratories. |
| Drilling techniques | Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face- sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc). | Reverse Circulation drilling was completed using a face sampling hammer. |
| Drill sample recovery | Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. | Goldview work has noted where recovery was poor, or voids were encountered by qualitative |



| Criteria | JORC Code explanation | Commentary |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. | examination of the sample return. Samples were weighed at the laboratory to allow comparative analysis. |
| Logging | Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged. | Geological logging on a 1m basis with lithologies and weathering zones being documented throughout. |
| Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation | If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-samples representivity Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field of a sample to page. | Drilling has used duplicates every 20 samples and standards and blanks every 20 samples. Samples were taken directly off the cyclone in most cases. Goldview Sample sizes have been appropriate to provide a representative sample for RC drilling. |
| | field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. | |
| Quality of assay data and laboratory tests | The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, | Gold assays are using a 50g Fire Assay. Detection limits and techniques are appropriate for included results. |



| Criteria | JORC Code explanation | Commentary |
|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established. | |
| Verification of sampling and assaying | The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. Discuss any adjustment to assay data. | Intercepts have been calculated generally using a 1g/t cut-off and internal waste of up to 3m thickness with total intercepts greater than 1g/t. |
| Location of data points | Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used. Quality and adequacy of topographic control. | Location holes has been using handheld GPS with DGPS locations planned to be taken in due course. |
| Data spacing and distribution | Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. | 10 – 25m spacing between current drilling and previous drilling |
| Orientation of data in relation to geological structure | Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the | Intercepts given are downhole widths with the true widths not determined. |



| Criteria | JORC Code explanation | Commentary |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. | |
| Sample security | The measures taken to ensure sample security. | Samples transported by commercial courier direct from Caprice to the Laboratory. |
| Audits or reviews | The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data. | QA/QC data provides a high confidence in the assay data. |

Section 2: Reporting of Exploration Results

| Criteria | JORC Code explanation | Commentary |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Mineral tenement and land tenure status | Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area. | Located in the Murchison Greenstone Belt, 60km north of Mt Magnet and 20km south of Cue in the Murchison mining district in WA. All granted tenements held and by Goldview Metals Pty Ltd a subsidiary of Caprice Resources Ltd and are in good standing. |
| Exploration done by other parties | Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties. | Previous work has been completed by BHP, CSR, Golconda Mines, Rytech and Pinnacle Mines Data compiled from: WAMEX reports and previous internal reporting. WAMEX Reports A12820, A16972, A45285 contain the historical drilling for CSR, Golconda and Pinnacle mines respectively. |
| Geology | Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation. | Gold mineralisation at the Island projects is orogenic, hosted within sheared and folded Banded Iron |



| | | formation and mafic rocks. Mineralisation is hosted mostly in the BIF and controlled by regional structures. |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Drift hole Information | A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level - elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interceptio n depth hole length. If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. | Location of previous drill holes based on historical reports and data, originally located on DGPS. Northing and easting data generally within 5m accuracy using a GPS – with DGPS location planned RL data +/-2m Down hole length =+- 0.2m. |
| Data aggregation methods | In reporting Exploration Results, weighting | Intercepts have been calculated generally using a 1g/t cut off and |



| | averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. | internal waste of up to 3m thickness with total intercepts greater than 1g/t. No upper cut off has been applied to intersections. |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths | These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known'). | Orientation of mineralised zones are still to be determined in detail. All intercepts reported are downhole depths. |
| Diagrams | Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being | The data has been presented using appropriate scales and using standard aggregating techniques for the display of regional data. Geological and mineralisation interpretations are based on current knowledge and |



| | reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views. | will change with further exploration. |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Balanced reporting | • Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results. | Key drilling location information and assays have been provided. Some shallow holes away from the main mineralised trends have been omitted. Assays have been provided for all intercepts >0.5 g/t with adjacent samples also included. Anomalous gold >0.1g/t is present in other sections of this report but have not been included here. |
| Other substantive exploration data | Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances. | Geological interpretations are taken from published maps, geophysical interpretation, historical and ongoing exploration. |
| Further work | The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly | Downhole EM surveys are planned Follow up drilling will commence within the current quarter. |
| | highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. | |

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)