

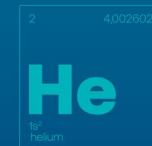
Green helium for a hi-tech world.



Ready to drill
in Q3 2023.

Justyn Wood
Co-founder and CEO

5 June
2023





Disclaimer

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No reserves have been assigned in connection with the Company's property interests to date, given their early stage of development. Unrisked Prospective Helium Volumes have been defined. However, estimating helium volumes is subject to significant uncertainties associated with technical data and the interpretation of that data, future commodity prices, and development and operating costs. There can be no guarantee that Noble Helium will successfully convert its helium resource to reserves and produce that estimated volume.

Competent Person's Statement

The prospective volumes are for helium, which are not hydrocarbons. However, Netherland, Sewell & Associates, Inc. have used the definitions and guidelines set forth in the 2018 Petroleum Resources Management System (**SPE-PRMS**) approved by the Society of Petroleum Engineers as the framework to classify these helium volumes as "prospective". The SPE-PRMS is specifically designed for hydrocarbons, which helium is not, however the principles and methods for hydrocarbon gas resource estimation are directly applicable to helium gas volume estimation.

The prospective helium volumes included in this presentation should not be construed as petroleum reserves, petroleum contingent resources, or petroleum prospective resources. They represent exploration opportunities and quantify the development potential in the event a helium discovery is made. The information in this presentation which relates to prospective helium volumes is based on, and fairly represents, in the form and context in which it appears, information and supporting documents prepared by, or under the supervision of, Alexander Karpov and Zachary Long .

Alexander Karpov is an employee of Netherland, Sewell & Associates, Inc. Alexander Karpov attended Texas A&M University and graduated in 2001 with a Master of Science Degree in Petroleum Engineering, and attended the Moscow Institute of Oil and Gas and graduated in 1992 with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Petroleum Geology. Alexander Karpov is a Licensed Professional Engineer in the State of Texas, United States of America and has in excess of 26 years of experience in petroleum engineering studies and evaluations. Alexander Karpov has sufficient experience to qualify as a qualified petroleum reserves and resources evaluator as defined in the ASX Listing Rules.

Zachary Long is an employee of Netherland, Sewell & Associates, Inc. Zachary Long attended Texas A&M University and graduated in 2005 with a Master of Science Degree in Geophysics, and attended the University of Louisiana at Lafayette and graduated in 2003 with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Geology. Zachary Long is a Licensed Professional Geoscientist in the State of Texas, United States of America and has in excess of 16 years of experience in geological and geophysical studies and evaluations. Zachary Long has sufficient experience to qualify as a qualified petroleum reserves and resources evaluator as defined in the ASX Listing Rules.

Alexander Karpov, Zachary Long and Netherland, Sewell & Associates, Inc. have each consented to the inclusion in this presentation of the matters based on this information in the form and context in which they appear.

Funding for upcoming drilling

Equity solution delivers significantly better value creation potential for shareholders.

- Costs to drill and test now considerably less than originally budgeted at the start of the farmout process:
 - Smaller fit-for purpose rig
 - 50/50 co-operation agreement with Helium One (AIM:HE1)
 - Simple, onshore, shallow, vertical wells
 - Innovative, cost-saving approach taken by our in-house drilling team which have over 20 years of experience working within the East African Rift System.
- On a fully diluted basis the current placement equates to 18.6% dilution versus 50% for farm-out
- Under farm-out the value lost post drilling even on a modest success case would be material
- Company retains 100% control
- Farmout Completion risk eliminated



Seismic survey being completed at North Rukwa Project in February 2023 ahead of planned drilling in Q3.



A ground-floor investment in the potential discovery and development of the world's largest green helium reserve.

There is no technology without helium. It's an irreplaceable input for many important technologies with significant demand growth from manufacturers of semiconductors used in computers, mobile phones, cars, (even kids' toys).

The global wholesale helium market size is expected to grow from an estimated US\$5 billion in 2023 to over

US\$8.00 billion in 2030

at a CAGR of 6.6%.

The helium price is surging with transition to market pricing, significant demand growth and fragile supply.

March 2023

Long-term bulk wholesale liquid helium pricing

US\$450/Mscf

That's 50 times the price of LNG!

Noble Helium is led by experienced oil and gas pioneers.



Justyn Wood
Chief Executive Officer

The Exploration Geophysicist who helped put the East African Rift System on the world oil and gas map.

Justyn has nearly 30 years of E&P industry experience in both technical and management roles at Hardman Resources, Chevron Australia, Repsol Australia and Oil Company of Australia.

Made key contributions to the first oil discoveries in South America's Guyana margin as well.



Shaun Scott
Executive Chairman

Helped pioneer Queensland coal seam gas industry from "novelty" status to a \$20 billion per year export industry.

As CEO of Arrow Energy Ltd, Shaun led the growth of that business from a \$20m coal seam gas explorer until its \$3.5 billion acquisition by Shell and Petro-China.

Highly experienced independent non-executive director on publicly listed and private company boards. Currently a non-executive director of ASX listed Comet Ridge Ltd.



Prof Andrew Garnett
Non-Executive Director

Prof. Garnett is currently the Director of the University of Queensland's research Centre for Natural Gas (CNG), working closely with the main LNG project proponents in Queensland, Australia. Has over 25 years of international experience in senior technical, management and executive roles in the upstream oil and gas sector including with Shell and Schlumberger.



Eddie King
Non-Executive Director

Executive and non-executive board member of a number of ASX-listed resources companies, including Bindi Metals, Queensland Pacific Metals, Six Sigma Metals, Pure Minerals, and European Cobalt. Serves as a director of CPS Capital, a corporate finance and stockbroking firm with offices in Perth and Melbourne.



Kent Masters
Anchor Investor

A core early investor in Noble Helium, Kent is Chairman, CEO and President of Albermarle, one of the world's largest lithium companies. As former Executive Director of Linde, the world's largest industrial gas company by market share and revenue (capped at ~US\$160B), Kent held responsibility for the Americas, Africa, East Asia, South Pacific. And helium. He knows his industrial gases and has a network that stretches across the world and includes project developers and off-takers.

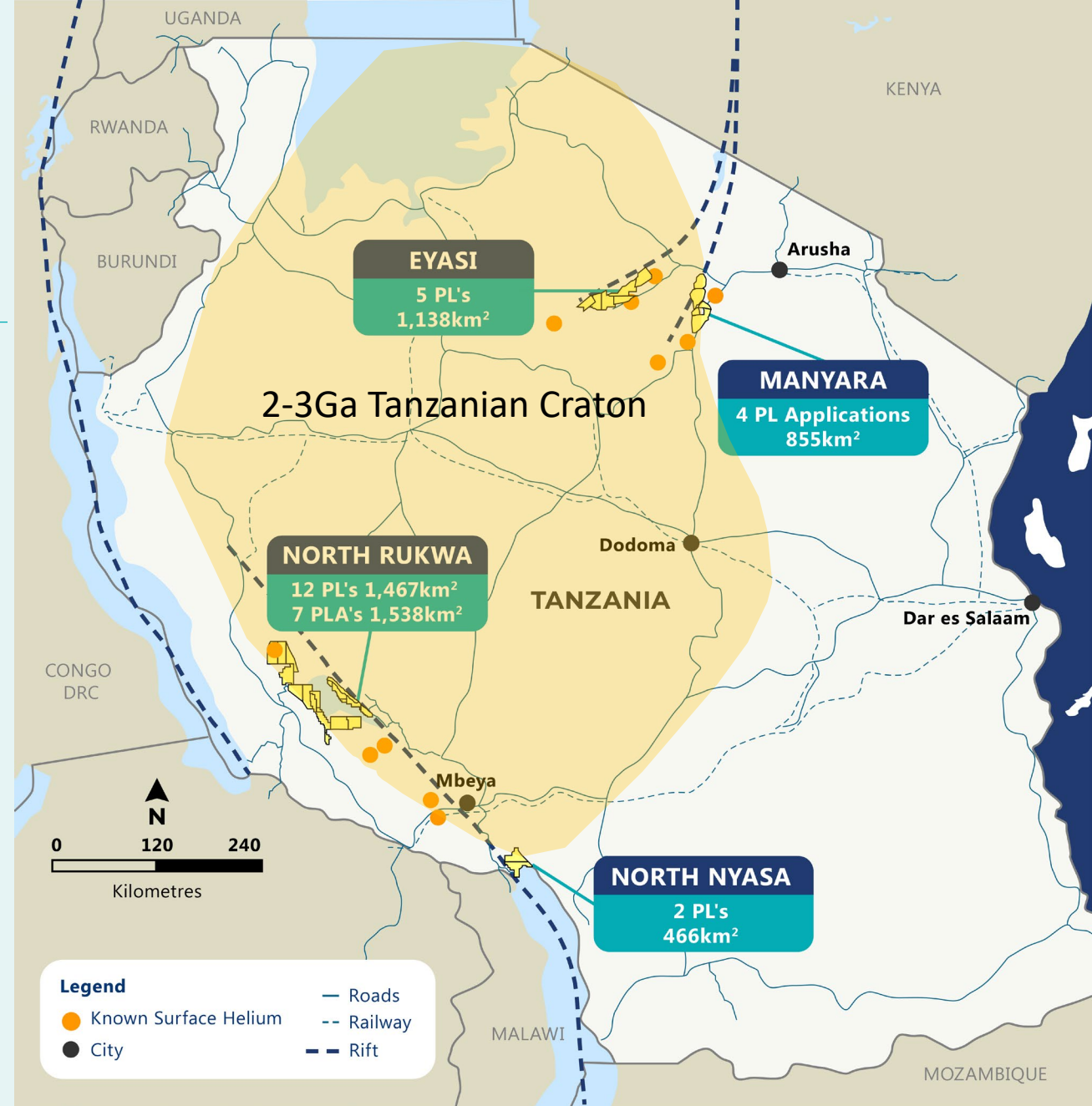


Noble Helium also commissioned, and has exclusively licensed, the world's first 'Helium Atlas' from Global Helium Resources, who's two foremost helium experts – Dr. Jon Gluyas of Durham University and Dr. Chris Ballentine of Oxford – were key in its development.

Four primary helium projects along Tanzania's East African Rift System.

The unique geology of the rift basins of Tanzania has created a prolific helium generation system, evidenced by the helium concentrations emanating from the ground in more than a dozen rift-associated hot springs.

- The secret to success is working out the helium migration paths and where helium rich gas is trapped underground in commercial volumes.
- Noble Helium brings more than 20 years of experience and billions of dollars of exploration learnings to unlock this potential.
- The basin opening Basin Margin Fault Closure (BMFC) play pioneered by Noble Helium's CEO, with a 100% success rate for oil and gas wells in other parts of the East African Rift System is our primary play type target.

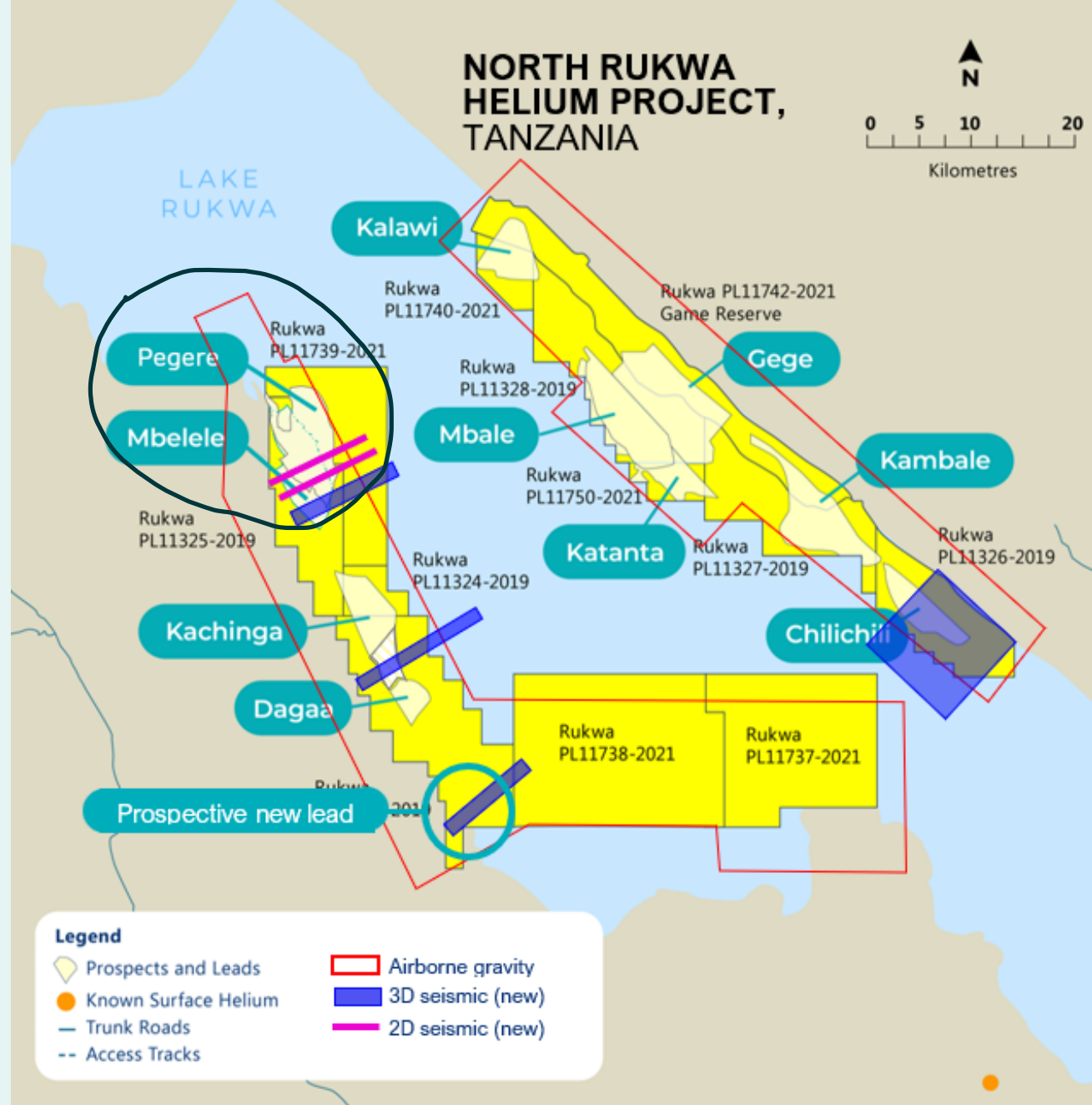


We're ready to drill!

Our initial target will be to drill and test the Mbelele BMFC, using a simple onshore shallow vertical well. A low execution risk, high probability of success, basin-opening well.

Our currently defined targets, Mbelele, Pegere and Kachinga/Dagaa are just 3 of 10 identified targets in our North Rukwa licences

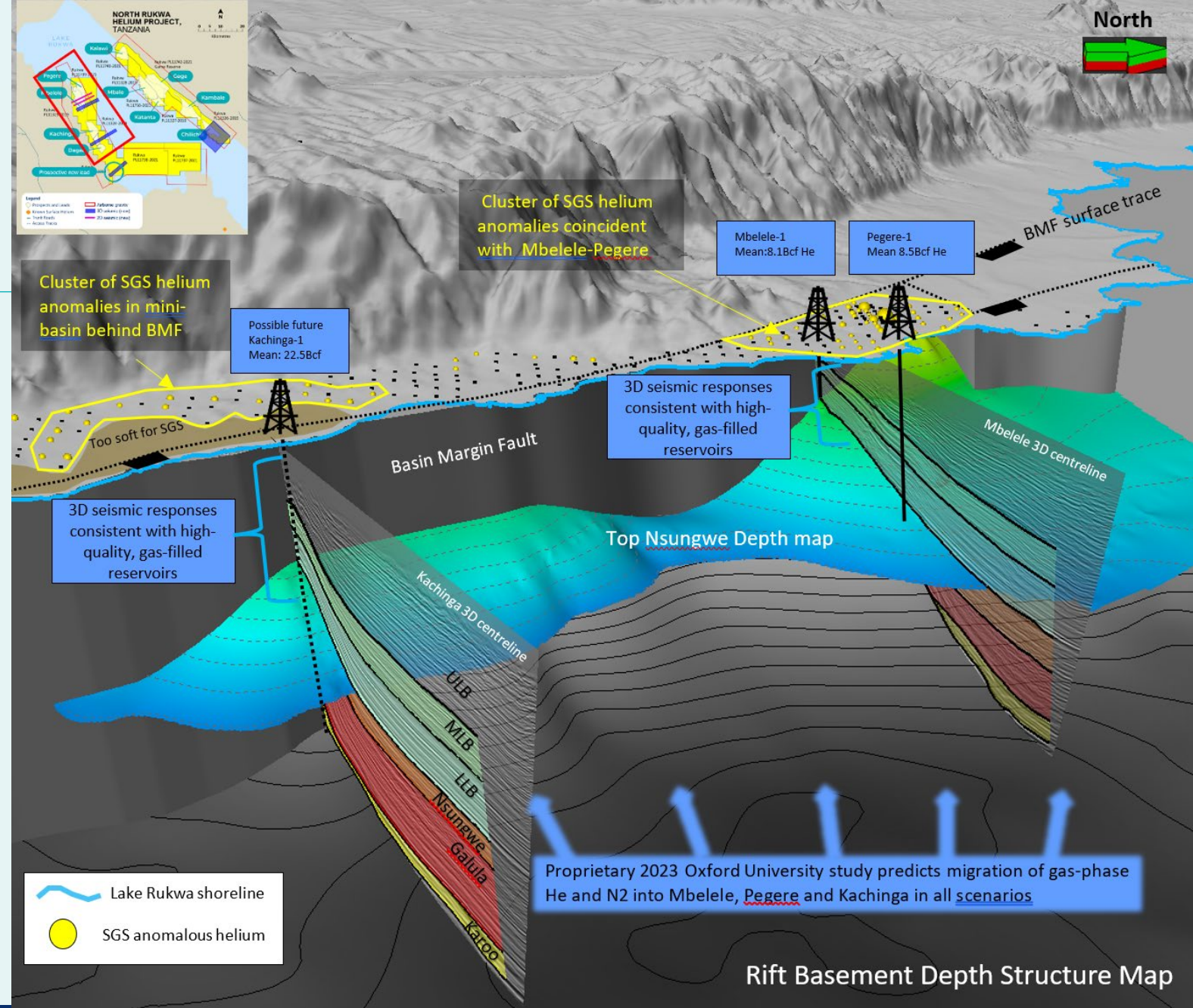
- Combined company-estimated mean helium prospective resource of **39 billion cubic feet of helium**
- Approximately **US\$18 billion** in the ground at the current long term wholesale pricing of US\$450/Mscf.



We've spent seven years pinpointing these wells.

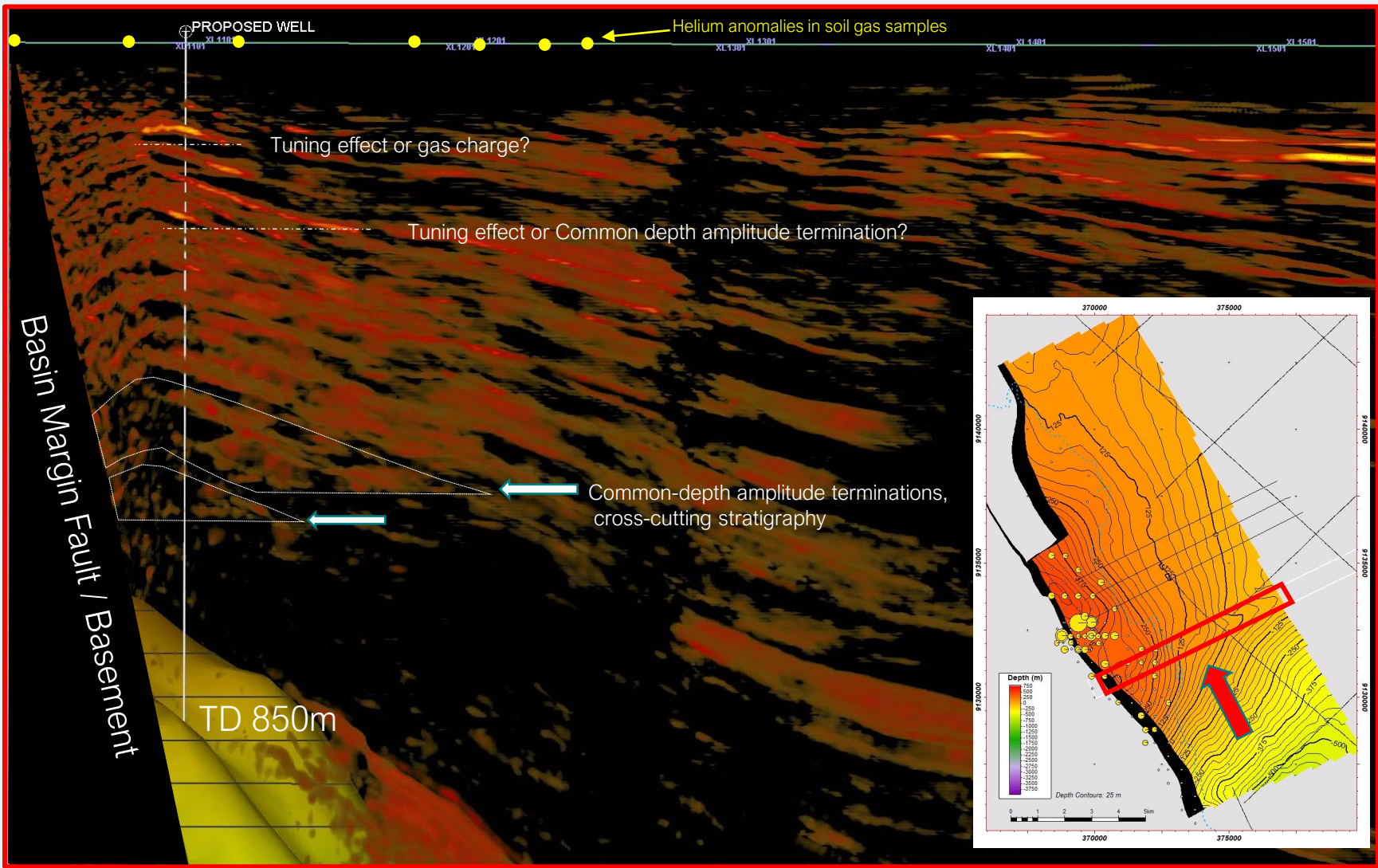
Our fully georeferenced Petrel™ subsurface model (right) visualises the elements of the Helium System, which are all present and in the correct sequence to host helium accumulations in the North Rukwa.

- Comprehensive de-risking program:
- 2D and 3D seismic surveys
 - Soil gas surveys
 - airborne gravity gradiometry
 - reservoir and seal studies and
 - leading-edge helium charge modelling.



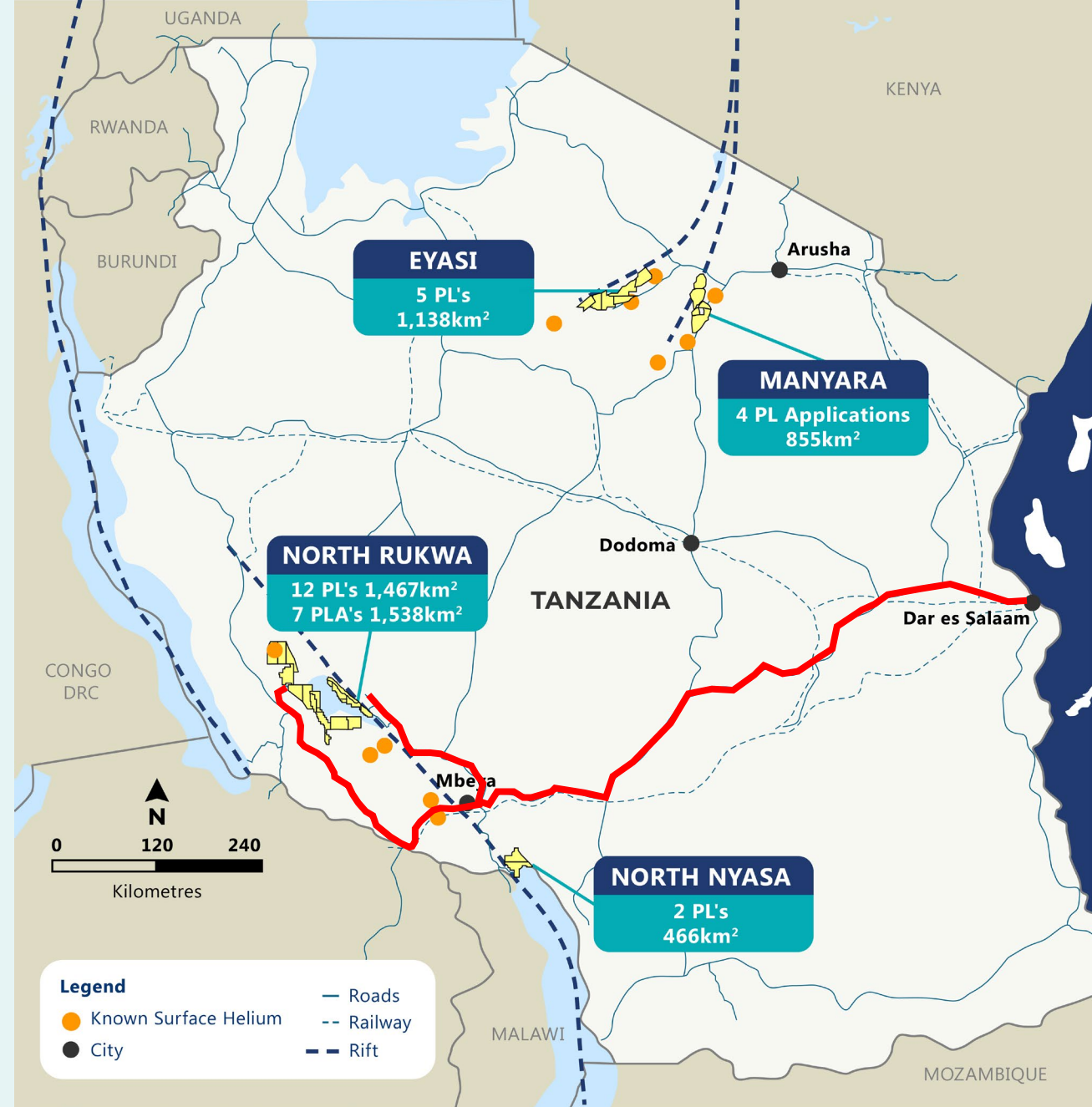
Mbelele -3D Spatial Stack of Reflectivity

- multiple common depth amplitude terminations into the BMFC
- indicate stacked pay zones throughout BMFC
- results consistent with independent gas-water contacts at multiple levels
- Helium anomalies in soil gas conformant with mapped structure



Sensible path to market.

- Strong interest from potential off-takers to manage logistics and fund downstream facilities
- Early monetization options being explored, including rental or existing liquefaction production plant that could be quickly mobilised to site.
- Simple field development and gas gathering system.
- Helium liquefaction plant on site.
- Off-taker would truck liquid helium iso-containers on black-top road to Port of Dar es Salaam.
- Direct access to national power grid and water.



The maths.

As a gas, helium has similar exploration/production costs per Mscf as traditional oil and gas but requires significantly less capital as much smaller volumes are required for a highly profitable project.

Discovering a 6Bcf recoverable helium resource is a company maker!

Worked example

To achieve an annual production of

850,000

Mscf of liquid helium

The estimated total CAPEX 2023-2027 would be

US\$305m

And the estimated total OPEX (2027) would be

US\$25m

Estimated ultimate recovery

12Bcf

Over 20 years
33% year 13 to depletion

Pricing

US\$450

Mscf of liquid helium

First full year production

	US\$M
Revenue	\$382.50
OPEX	\$25.00
Depreciation	\$15.25
Gross Margin	\$342.25

Capital raise highlights.

<p>Structure</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An institutional placement to raise approximately A\$13.5 million, to be undertaken in two tranches: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Tranche 1 will raise approximately \$7.8 million through the issue of approximately 33.6 million new shares under the Company’s placement capacity under Listing Rule 7.1 and approximately 9.9 million new shares under the Company’s placement capacity under Listing Rule 7.1A; and – Tranche 2 will raise approximately \$5.7 million through the issue of approximately 31.5 million new shares. The Company will seek shareholder approval for the issue of these new shares at an extraordinary general meeting (EGM), together, the “Placement” or the “Offer” • Approximately 75.0 million new shares in total are to be issued under the Placement • Tranche 1 of the Placement was conducted on Thursday, 1 June 2023 and Friday, 2 June 2023 and commitments for Tranche 2 have been obtained
<p>Issue Price</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The offer price is A\$0.18 per new share, representing a: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 25.0% discount to the last closing price on Wednesday, 31 May 2023; – 22.7% discount to the 5-day VWAP; and – 11.5% discount to the 10-day VWAP
<p>Ranking</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New shares issued under the Offer will from their date of issue rank equally in all respects with existing ordinary shares
<p>Director Participation</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Subject to obtaining shareholder approval at the EGM, the Directors of Noble Helium intend to participate in Tranche 2 of the Placement
<p>Extraordinary General Meeting</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The EGM is expected to be held prior to the end of August 2023. • Details of the EGM will be announced once confirmed and a notice of meeting will be dispatched as soon as practicable.
<p>Joint Lead Managers</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wilsons Corporate Finance Limited and MST Financial Services Pty Limited are acting as the Joint Lead Managers to the Offer

Use of funds.

Monies raised will be used to fund the drilling and testing of onshore wells at our North Rukwa Project with simple, vertical designs to reduce costs and minimise risk.

Sources	A\$M
Placement	13.50
Uses	A\$M
Offer Costs	0.51
Drill, Test and P&A Mbelele-1	10.80
Long Lead items	1.69
Administration and Licencing	0.50
Total	13.50



Indicative offer timetable.

Event	2023
Trading halt	Thursday, 1 June
Trading Halt lifted, announce completion of tranche 1 of the Placement	Monday, 5 June
Settlement of new shares issued under tranche 1 of the Placement	Thursday, 8 June
Allotment and trading of new shares issued under tranche 1 of the Placement	Friday, 9 June
Extraordinary General Meeting to approve issue of new shares under tranche 2 of the Placement	Expected to occur in July or August

Invest in the future of helium.

A ground-floor investment in the potential discovery and development of the world's largest **green helium** reserve.

Drilling in Q3.

01
Favourable market



02
Experienced team



03
World class assets



04
Green helium

²
He
Helium

Summary of key risks.

There are risks associated with an investment in the Company. The numerous risk factors are both of a specific and general nature. Some can be mitigated by the use of safeguards and appropriate systems and controls, but some are outside the control of the Company and cannot be mitigated. This section identifies and highlights some of the risks that potential investors should consider prior to acquiring shares in the Company. However, the following is not, and does not purport to be, a comprehensive statement of all relevant risks and is not listed in order of importance. These risks factors, and others not specifically referred to below, may in the future material affect the financial performance of the Company and the value of the Company's shares. Potential investors should seek their own financial or other professional advice in relation to the risks and must make their own assessment regarding an investment in the Company.

Risk	Description
Helium Exploration and Evaluation Risks	The future value of the Company will depend on its ability to find and develop helium resources that are economically recoverable within the Projects. The circumstances in which a discovered helium accumulation becomes or remains commercially viable depends on a number of factors. These include the particular attributes of the deposit, such as size, depth concentration, development cost and proximity to infrastructure as well as key external factors such as helium supply and demand. This, along with other factors such as maintaining title to tenements and consents, successful design, construction, commissioning and operating of wells and processing facilities may result in projects not being developed, or operations becoming unprofitable. Helium exploration involves exploration activities and drilling operations which may not generate a positive return on investment. This may arise from dry wells, but also from wells that are productive but do not produce sufficient revenues to return a profit after accounting for drilling, operating and other associated costs. The outcome of any drilling program may be dependent on matters which include the reservoir's composition, the permeability of the sediments, the flow rate and the rate of any decrease in pressure as the gas flows to the surface. These matters cannot be known until the Company undertakes initial drilling programs. The production from successful wells may also be impacted by various operating conditions, including insufficient storage or transportation capacity, or other geological and mechanical conditions. In addition, managing drilling hazards or environmental damage and pollution caused by exploration and development operations could greatly increase the associated cost and profitability of individual wells. The future exploration activities of the Company may be affected by a range of factors including geological conditions, limitations on activities due to seasonal weather patterns, unanticipated operational and technical difficulties, industrial and environmental accidents, landholder disputes, changing government regulations and many other factors beyond the control of the Company. The success of the Company will also depend upon the Company having access to sufficient development capital, being able to maintain title to its projects and obtain all required approvals for its activities. In the event that exploration programmes prove to be unsuccessful this could lead to a diminution in the value of the Company's projects, a reduction in the cash reserves of the Company and possible relinquishment of the Company's projects. The exploration costs of the Company are based on certain assumptions with respect to the method and timing of exploration. By their nature, these estimates and assumptions are subject to significant uncertainties and, accordingly, the actual costs may materially differ from these estimates and assumptions. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that the cost estimates and the underlying assumptions will be realised in practice, which may materially and adversely affect the Company's viability.
No History of Production	The Company's properties are exploration stage only. The Company has never had any material interest in helium producing properties. Even with application of best science, there is no assurance that commercial quantities of helium will be discovered at any of the properties of the Company or any future properties, nor is there any assurance that the exploration or development programs of the Company thereon will yield any positive results. Even if commercial quantities of helium are discovered, there can be no assurance that any property of the Company will ever be brought to a stage where helium can profitably be produced thereon. Factors which may limit the ability of the Company to produce helium from its properties include, but are not limited to, commodity prices, availability of additional capital and financing and the nature of any helium deposits.
Risks associated with Drilling	The Company's helium exploration and development activities are dependent on the availability of drilling rigs and related equipment in the area of its Projects. Increases in oil and gas exploration activities could result in higher demand and limited availability for some types of drilling rigs and equipment in certain areas, which may result in delays to the Company's planned exploration and development activities. The Company may encounter hazards inherent in drilling activities. Examples of such hazards include unusual or unexpected formations, abnormal pressures or rock properties, adverse weather conditions, mechanical difficulties, condition which could result in damage to plant or equipment or shortages or delays in delivery of rigs and/or other equipment. Drilling may result in wells that, which encountering resources, may not achieve economically viable results. Whilst the Company intends to take adequate precautions to minimise risks associated with drilling activities, there can be no guarantee that the Company will not experience one or more material incidents during drilling activities that may have an adverse impact on the operating and financial performances of the Company, including costs associated with control of well operation, recovery of plant and equipment, environmental rectification and compensation along with delays and other impacts on anticipated results.
Requirements for permits and licenses	The operations of the Company require it to obtain licenses for operating, permits, and in some cases, renewals of existing licenses and permits from authorities in Tanzania. The Company believes that it currently holds or has applied for all necessary licenses and permits to carry on the activities it is currently conducting under applicable laws and regulations in respect of its properties, and also believes that it is complying in all material respects with the terms of such licenses and permits. However, the ability of the Company to obtain, sustain or renew any such licenses and permits on acceptable terms is subject to changes in regulations and policies and to the discretion of the applicable authorities or other governmental agencies.

Summary of key risks (cont.)

Risk	Description
Prospecting Licence resulting in Mining Licences or Special Mining Licence in Tanzania	The licenses issued to the Company's subsidiaries are prospecting licences. If these licenses result in a Mining Licence or Special Mining Licence as defined in the Tanzania Mining Act 2010 being granted then additional requirements will apply to the Company and its subsidiaries. If a Mining Licence or Special Mining Licence is granted then the Government of the Republic of Tanzania ("Tanzanian Government") shall be entitled to a 16 per cent non-dilutable free carried interest in the share capital of the company which owns such Mining Licence or Special Mining Licence, depending on the type of minerals and the levels of investment ("Free Carried Interest"). In addition to the Free Carried Interest, the Tanzanian Government shall be entitled to acquire up to 50 per cent of the issued share capital of the company which owns the Mining Licence or Special Mining Licence commensurate with the total tax expenditures incurred by the Tanzanian Government in favour of the company. The Tanzanian Government can only acquire an additional 34% of the shares in the company (in addition to the Free Carried Interest) if and only if the company receives expenditure from the Tanzanian Government in the form of tax exemptions. If no such expenditure has been sought or received from the Tanzanian Government then the Tanzanian Government is not entitled to any interest greater than the Free Carried Interest. The Company notes that the Tanzanian Government has incurred no tax expenditures in favour of the Company to date. In the event that a Special Mining Licence is granted, the company holding such licence may be required to apply for the admission of its entire issued share capital to a local stock exchange with a minimum local shareholding of not less than 30%. However, if an agreement is entered into with the Tanzanian Government in respect of the Free Carried Interest and sharing of economic benefits then this requirement ceases to apply.
Reserves and Resources Estimates	The Helium Prospective Volumes of the North Rukwa Project have been certified by independent experts Netherland Sewell and Associates of Houston, Texas, USA (NSAI), using probabilistic analysis; these estimates have been prepared in accordance with the petroleum engineering and evaluation principles set forth in the 2018 and 2011 (Guideline) Editions of the Petroleum Resource Management System of the Society of Petroleum Engineers (SPE-PRMS, 2011 and 2018). The Australian Stock Exchange mandates the use of the SPE-PRMS classifications for oil and gas entity public reporting requirements and has accepted the use of SPE-PRMS for listed helium entity reporting requirements. New terminology as per SPE-PRMS 2018 in describing low (1U equivalent to P90), best (2U equivalent to P50) and high estimates (3U equivalent P10) are used to denote as-yet undiscovered volumes. No Reserves have been assigned in connection with the Company's property interests to date, given their early stage of development. Unrisked Prospective Helium Volumes has been defined. However, estimating helium volumes is subject to significant uncertainties associated with technical data and the interpretation of that data, future commodity prices, and development and operating costs. There can be no guarantee that Noble Helium will successfully convert its helium volumes to reserves and produce that estimated volume. Estimates may alter significantly or become more uncertain when new information becomes available due to for example, additional drilling or production tests over the life of field. As estimates change, development and production plans may also vary. Downward revision of helium volume estimates may adversely affect Noble Helium's operational or financial performance. Helium volume estimates are expressions of judgement based on knowledge, experience and industry practice. These estimates are imprecise and depend to some extent on interpretations, which may ultimately prove to be inaccurate and require adjustment or, even if valid when originally calculated, may alter significantly when new information or techniques become available. As further information becomes available through additional drilling and analysis the estimates are likely to change. Any adjustments to volumes could affect the Company's exploration and development plans which may, in turn, affect the Company's performance.
Sovereign Risk	The Company's exploration and development activities are to be carried out in Tanzania. The Company will be subject to political, social, economic and other uncertainties including, but not limited to, changes in policies or the personnel administering them, foreign exchange restrictions, changes of law affecting foreign ownership, currency fluctuations, royalties and tax increases in that country. There is no assurance that the Tanzanian government will not in the future adopt different regulations, policies or interpretations with respect to, but not limited to environmental protection, foreign ownership of resources, royalty rates, taxation, rates of exchange, labour relations, repatriation of income or return of capital, restrictions on production or processing, price controls, export controls, currency remittance, or the obligations of the Company under its respective mining codes. The possibility that the Tanzanian government may adopt substantially different policies or interpretations, which might extend to the expropriation of assets, may have a material adverse effect on the Company. Political risk also includes the possibility of terrorism, civil or labour disturbances and political instability. No assurance can be given that the Tanzanian government will not revoke or significantly alter the conditions of the applicable exploration and mining authorisations nor that such exploration and mining authorisations will not be challenged or impugned by third parties. The effect of any of these factors cannot be accurately predicted. In certain respects, Tanzania's legal systems are less developed than more established countries and this could result in various risks including difficulty obtaining or enforcing legal redress in the courts, a lack of administrative guidance on implementing and complying with legislation and regulation (e.g. in respect to taxation or property rights), or certain inconsistencies or conflicts between various legislation, regulations, decrees or orders.

Summary of key risks (cont.).

Risk	Description
Changes in helium price	The Company's possible future revenues may be derived mainly from helium or from royalties gained from potential joint ventures or other arrangements. Consequently, the Company's potential future earnings will likely be closely related to the price of helium. Helium prices fluctuate and are affected by numerous industry factors including demand for the resource, forward selling by producers, production cost levels in major producing regions and macroeconomic factors, e.g. inflation, interest rates, currency exchange rates and global and regional demand for, and supply of, helium. If the Company is producing helium and the market price of helium were to fall below the costs of production and remain at such a level for any sustained period, the Company would experience losses and could have to curtail or suspend some or all of its proposed activities. In such circumstances, the Company would also have to assess the economic impact of any sustained lower commodity prices on recoverability.
Operational Risk	If the Company decides to develop into helium production in the future, the operations of the Company including exploration and processing may be affected by a range of factors. These include failure to achieve the predicted grade in exploration, processing, technical difficulties encountered in commissioning and operating plant and equipment, mechanical failure, problems which affect extraction rates and costs, adverse weather conditions, industrial and environmental accidents, industrial disputes, unexpected shortages or increase in the costs of consumables, spare parts, plant and equipment.
Additional requirements for Capital	The Company has finite financial resources and no cash flow from producing assets and therefore will likely require additional financing in order to carry out its helium exploration and development activities. The Company's ability to effectively implement its business strategy over time is likely to depend in part on its ability to raise additional funds. There can be no assurance that any such equity or debt funding will be available to the Company on favourable terms or at all. Failure to obtain appropriate financing on a timely basis could cause the Company to have an impaired ability to expend the capital necessary to undertake or complete drilling programs, forfeit its exploration interests in certain properties, and reduce or terminate its operations entirely. The Company's capital requirements depend on numerous factors. Depending on the Company's ability to maintain its funds and/or generate income from its operations, the Company may require further financing in the future. Any additional equity financing will dilute shareholdings, and debt financing, if available, may involve restrictions on financing and operating activities. If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing as needed, it may be required to reduce the scope of its operations and scale back exploration expenditure as the case may be.
Market Conditions	Share market conditions may affect the value of the Company's quoted securities regardless of the Company's operating performance. Share market conditions are affected by many factors such as: general economic outlook; introduction of tax changes or other new legislation; interest rates and inflation rates; changes in investor sentiment toward particular market sectors; the demand for, and supply of, capital; and terrorism or other hostilities.
Litigation Risks	The Company is exposed to possible litigation risks including landholder claims, tenure disputes, environmental claims, occupational health and safety claims and employee claims. Further, the Company may be involved in disputes with other parties in the future which may result in litigation. Any such claim or dispute if proven, may impact adversely on the Company's operations, financial performance and financial position. The Company is not currently engaged in any litigation.
Insurance	The Company intends to insure its operations in accordance with industry practice. However, in certain circumstances the Company's insurance may not be of a nature or level to provide adequate insurance cover. The occurrence of an event that is not covered or fully covered by insurance could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and results of the Company. Insurance of all risks associated with mineral exploration and production is not always available and where available the costs can be prohibitive.
Force Majeure	The Company's projects now or in the future may be adversely affected by risks outside the control of the Company including labour unrest, civil disorder, war, subversive activities or sabotage, fires, floods, explosions or other catastrophes, epidemics or quarantine restrictions.

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Foreign selling restrictions (cont.).

Jurisdiction	
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Contact

T: + 61 (0)8 9481 0389

E: info@noblehelium.com.au

Registered Office

Noble Helium Limited
Level 8, London House
216 St. Georges Terrace, Perth
Western Australia 6000